1	Trust Point One
2	Eileen Monteagudo
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5	COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT AND ACCOUNTABILITY,
6	SELECT SUBCOMMITTEE ON THE CORONAVIRUS PANDEMIC,
7	U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
8	WASHINGTON, D.C.
9	
10	THURSDAY, MAY 30, 2024
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13	INTERVIEW OF: BETH GARVEY
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17	The interview of the above matter was held
18	at One Vanderbilt Avenue, New York, New York 10017,
19	commencing at 10:01 a.m.
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23 24	
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25	APPEARANCES
26	ON BEHALF OF BETH GARVEY:
27	Gregory Kehoe, Esquire
28	Jordan Behlman, Esquire
29	Harold Iselin, Esquire
30	Of: Greenberg Traurig, LLP
31	One Vanderbilt Avenue
32	Floor 29
33	New York, New York 10017
34	ALSO PRESENT:
35	Anna-Blake Langley, Majority
36	Professional Staff Member
37	
38	ON BEHALF OF THE SELECT SUBCOMMITTEE
39	ON THE CORONAVIRUS PANDEMIC:
40	FOR THE REPUBLICAN STAFF (MAJORITY):
41	MITCHELL BENZINE, Staff Director
42	JACK EMMER, Counsel
43	ERIC OSTERHUES, Chief Counsel
44	
45	FOR THE DEMOCRATIC STAFF (MINORITY):
46	, Senior Counsel
47	, Counsel
48	

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100 101 MR. EMMER: We can go on the record. 102 you. 103 This is a transcribed interview of Beth 104 Garvey conducted by the House Select Subcommittee on 105 the Coronavirus Pandemic under the authority granted to 106 it by House Resolution 5 and the rules of the Committee 107 on Oversight and Accountability. 108 Further, pursuant to House Resolution 5, 109 the Select Subcommittee has wide-ranging jurisdiction, but specifically to investigate the implementation or 110 111 effectiveness of any federal law or regulation applied, 112 enacted or under consideration to address the 113 Coronavirus Pandemic and prepare for future pandemics. 114 Can the witness please state her name and 115 spell her last name for the record? 116 THE WITNESS: Yes. 117 My name is Beth Garvey. Last name spelled 118 G-A-R-V-E-Y. 119 MR. EMMER: Thank you, Ms. Garvey. My name is Jack Emmer, and I am the senior 120 counsel for the majority staff of the Select 121 122 Subcommittee. I want to thank you for coming in today for this interview. The Select Subcommittee recognizes 123 that you are here voluntarily and we appreciate that. 124

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125 Under the Select Subcommittee and Committee 126 on Oversight and Accountability's rules, you are 127 allowed to have an attorney present to advise you during this interview. Do you have an attorney 128 129 representing you in a personal capacity present with 130 you today? 131 THE WITNESS: Yes, I do. 132 MR. EMMER: Will counsel please identify themselves for the record? 133 134 MR. KEHOE: My name is Gregory Kehoe. MR. BEHLMAN: Jordan Behlman. 135 136 MR. ISELIN: Harold Iselin. 137 MR. BENZINE: Ms. Garvey, considering your 138 previous position with Governor Cuomo, the Select 139 Subcommittee offered for a counsel from the Executive 140 Chamber to attend for today for the purposes of 141 exerting privileges. Is there somebody present today? 142 THE WITNESS: No, there is not. 143 MR. KEHOE: Yes, there has been a request as we spoke about individually to have someone from the 144 145 Executive Chamber to attend. They have declined, obviously, from our conversations. 146 , there has been an 147 Mitch and 148 indication of the attorney-client privilege on certain documents. Ms. Garvey obviously is ready, willing and 149

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150 able to talk to you about it. Obviously there is the attorney-client 151 152 privilege and that issue that is out there. So she 153 obviously cannot waive that privilege. That privilege 154 belongs to the Executive Chamber. Albeit to the extent 155 we go through here, and I don't think it will be too often, to the extent there is an indication of the 156 157 privilege, as I told you, Mitch and I told 158 should the Executive Chamber after that indication 159 offer to waive privilege on that issue, certainly we'll come back and answer any questions that you have. 160 161 Ms. Garvey wants to be as cooperative as possible, but there is also this attorney-client privilege out there, 162 163 and she cannot waive the privilege. So I appreciate 164 that. 165 I know this is a repetition of what we all 166 talked about before but I thought it was important that 167 we articulate it on the record. 168 MR. BENZINE: Perfect. Thank you. MR. EMMER: For the record starting with 169 the majority staff and the additional staff members, 170 please introduce themselves with your name, title and 171 affiliation. 172 MR. BENZINE: Mitch Benzine, staff director 173

for the Majority.

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175	MR. OSTERHUES: Eric Osterhues, chief
176	counsel for the Majority.
177	MS. LANGLEY: Anna-Blake Langley,
178	professional staff member for the Majority.
179	MS. : , senior counsel for
180	the Democratic staff.
181	MR. : , Democratic
182	counsel.
183	MR. EMMER: Thank you all.
184	Ms. Garvey, before we begin I would like to
185	go over the ground rules for this interview. The way
186	this interview will proceed is as follows:
187	The majority and minority staff will
188	alternate asking you questions for one hour per round
189	until each side is finished with their questioning.
190	The majority staff will begin and proceed for an hour
191	and then the minority staff will have an hour to ask
192	questions. We will then alternate back and forth in
193	this manner until both sides have no more questions.
194	If either side is in the middle of a
195	specific line of questions, they may choose to end a
196	few minutes past an hour to ensure completion of that
197	specific line of questioning, including any pertinent
198	follow-ups.

In this interview while one member of the

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200 staff for each side may lead the questioning, additional staff may ask questions. 201 202 There is a court reporter taking down 203 everything I say and everything you say to make a written record of this interview. For the record to be 204 205 clear, please wait until the staffer questioning you 206 finishes each question before you begin your answer, 207 and the staffer will wait until you finish your 208 response before proceeding to the next question. 209 Further to ensure the court reporter can 210 properly record this interview, please speak clearly, 211 concisely and slowly. Also, the court reporter cannot 212 record nonverbal answers such as nodding or shaking 213 your head, so it is important that you answer each question with an audible, verbal answer. 214 215 Exhibits may be entered into a record. 216 Majority exhibits will be identified numerically. 217 Minority exhibits will be identified alphabetically. 218 Do you understand? 219 THE WITNESS: Yes. 220 MR. EMMER: We want you to answer our 221 questions in the most complete and truthful manner 222 possible so we will take your time. If you have any 223 questions or do not fully understand the question, 224 please let us know. We will attempt to clarify, add

225	context to or rephrase our questions.
226	Do you understand?
227	THE WITNESS: Yes.
228	MR. EMMER: If we ask about specific
229	conversations or events in the past and you are unable
230	to recall the exact words or details, you should
231	testify to the substance of those conversations or
232	events to the best of your recollection. If you recall
233	only a part of a conversation or event, you should give
234	us your best recollection of those events, parts of
235	conversations that you do recall.
236	Do you understand?
237	THE WITNESS: Yes.
238	MR. EMMER: Although you are here
239	voluntarily and we will not swear you in, you are
240	required pursuant to Title 18, Section 1001 of the
241	United States Code to answer questions from Congress
242	truthfully. This also applies to questions posed by
243	congressional staff in this interview.
244	Do you understand?
245	THE WITNESS: Yes.
246	MR. EMMER: If at any time you knowingly
247	make false statements, you could be subject to criminal
248	prosecution.
249	Do you understand?

250	THE WITNESS: Yes.
251	MR. EMMER: Is there any reason you are
252	unable to provide truthful testimony in today's
253	interview?
254	THE WITNESS: No.
255	MR. EMMER: The Select Subcommittee follows
256	the rules on the Committee of Oversight and
257	Accountability. Please note that if you wish to assert
258	a privilege over any statement today, that assertion
259	must comply with the rules of the Committee on
260	Oversight and Accountability.
261	Pursuant to that, committee rule 16-C-1
262	states for the chair to consider assertions of
263	privilege or testimony or statements, witnesses or
264	entities must clearly state the specific privilege
265	being asserted and the reason for the assertion on or
266	before the scheduled date, testimony or appearance.
267	Do you understand?
268	THE WITNESS: Yes.
269	MR. EMMER: Ordinarily we take a
270	five-minute break at the end of each hour of
271	questioning. But if you need a longer break or a break
272	before that, please let us know and we will be happy to
273	accommodate; however, to the extent that there is a
274	pending question, we would ask that you finish

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275	answering the question before we take a break.
276	Do you understand?
277	THE WITNESS: Yes.
278	MR. EMMER: Do you have any other questions
279	before we begin?
280	THE WITNESS: No.
281	MR. KEHOE: Jack, just one issue. I have
282	talked to Beth about this to the extent that she has a
283	question about if something implicates, for instance,
284	the attorney-client privilege, we may take a two-minute
285	break so she can just chat with us off the record
286	outside and come back. So that may happen. I'm not
287	saying it will but it could.
288	MR. EMMER: That's fine.
289	Ms. Garvey, I want to thank you again for
290	taking part in this interview and for your work over
291	the years. Let's start by discussing your education
292	and experience.
293	EXAMINATION BY
294	MR. EMMER:
295	Q.Where did you attend undergraduate school?
296	A.I graduated from Mary Baldwin College in
297	Staunton, Virginia.
298	Q.What degree did you graduate with?

A.Bachelor's in communications.

13

300 Q.Where did you get your doctorate? 301 A.I got my J.D. from Albany Law School in 2004. 302 Q.Who is your current employer and what is your 303 current job title? 304 A. Greenberg Traurig. It is a law firm and I am a 305 shareholder. 306 Q.Can you briefly go through your professional 307 career up until now? 308 A.Yes. After I graduated law school I did a 309 fellowship with New York State Senate. I was placed in the majority counsel's office, which at the time, was 310 311 Republican Majority. The Majority Leader was Joseph 312 Bruno. I did that for a year and was fortunate enough to be brought on full-time. 313 314 While there in the Majority Counsel's office 315 you analyze legislation, perform research projects, 316 advise members on different issues that come before the 317 legislative committees. 318 I held that role working with various 319 committees, transitioning into the minority until -- let's see. I think this was fall of 2009. I 320 then briefly worked for the law firm Wilson Elser LLP 321 322 doing government affairs work primarily. I was there 323 for about 15 months.

In February 2011, I rejoined the Republican

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325	conference in the State Senate that had then taken back
326	the Majority. That was under Majority Leader Dean
327	Skelos.
328	I was First Assisting Counsel there,
329	eventually being promoted to counsel in 2013. I
330	transitioned to the same role when John Flanagan became
331	the Senate leader and then ultimately left that position
332	at the end of the year in 2017.
333	In 2018, I became General Counsel to the state
334	university system. And I held that role until I joined
335	Governor Cuomo's office as his Special Counsel in
336	September of 2019.
337	Q.Let's discuss your role as Special Counsel within
338	the New York Executive Chamber. Can you
339	briefly describe your duties and responsibilities as
340	Special Counsel?
341	A.Yeah. So my responsibility was all of the
342	legislative and policy objective matters of the
343	Governor. That included assisting and preparing state
344	of the state, negotiating the budget as well as
345	negotiating legislation with both houses, Senate and
346	Assembly of the state legislature. I made
347	recommendations to him regarding whether a bill should
348	be signed or vetoed.

And we also worked with the various agencies

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350 to ensure that their regulatory and policy agendas 351 aligned with the Governor's. 352 Q.Did you have any responsibilities related to FOIA 353 requests? 354 A.No. I might from time to time be consulted on 355 something, but that actually reported to another Special 356 Counsel, Judy Mogul. 357 Q.You just brought up Judy Mogul. Were there any 358 other special counsels or attorneys in the Executive 359 Chamber that advised the Governor? 360 A.Um, I don't -- I don't believe so. I'm having a 361 hard time actually remembering everyone's specific 362 title. 363 But Judy, I specifically know, had the same 364 title that I did. It's possible that Julia Kupiec may 365 have had a Special Counsel title as well. She was also 366 the Chamber Ethics Counselor, but I don't specifically remember off the top of my head. There was Kumiki 367 368 Gibson, who was counsel to the Governor. 369 All of the assistant counselors in the chamber 370 reported to both of us, but I don't believe that there 371 were any other Special Counsels besides Judy and maybe 372 Julia. 373 Q.So to summarize what you just said, would it be true that the attorneys within the Executive Chamber 374

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375 have distinct roles or portfolios or subject matters that they were handling for the Governor? 376 377 A. Yeah. At that sort of senior staff level, it was 378 pretty siloed between myself, Kumiki and Judy. The 379 assistant counsels, again, had sort of dual reporting 380 lines to me and Kumiki. 381 Judy -- actually, I just talked myself through 382 this one. Laura Edidin, who ran what we called 383 the "Special Counsel Program," I think her title was 384 also Special Counsel. She reported to Judy and then a number of Special Counsels reported to Laura that were 385 386 placed in the various state agencies. 387 So they were not considered Executive Chamber 388 employees. Someone was Special Counsel for risk and 389 compliance at tax and they were an employee of the Tax 390 Department and they reported to Laura Edidin, who was a 391 Special Counsel within the Executive Chamber and Laura 392 reported to Judy. 393 Q.And to clarify, you had other counsels that would 394 need to run advice through you, correct? 395 A.On legislative and policy matters. If they had 396 issues with regulatory issues or litigation issues or 397 certain personnel issues, those would flow through 398 Kumiki.

Q.To the best of your recollection, which attorneys

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400 had to run advice through you? A.It was about 14 individuals. 401 402 Q.Okay. 403 A.Um, but again, I would also say that we worked 404 collaboratively with the state operations folks who were 405 the -- what we called the program side of the office and 406 they were deputy secretaries or assistant secretaries 407 that oversaw various policy areas as well. 408 So you know, it was not uncommon that I would 409 interact with the Assistant Secretary for the Department of Health, say, on a policy matter that they would run 410 411 things through me as well. 412 Q.Prior to the pandemic, what was your day-to-day like as far as interactions with Governor Cuomo? 413 414 A.Um, there was no typical day in government, 415 right? So I would say that, you know, overall, we would 416 start the day with a senior staff call that he was not 417 on where we would all sort of align ourselves around the 418 day's objectives, major news stories. 419 If he had an event, typically senior staff 420 would be there, whether it was a press event or a site visit, there would be a certain number of staff there 421 422 from time to time. I was required to staff him at those 423 events. If every event had a policy lead, press lead,

424

etc.

So from time to time, I would do that.

425	There was pre COVID, there was a big focus on
426	cracking down on vaping. We did that in conjunction
427	with Connecticut. So sometimes it would be, you know,
428	we are going to do a trip out to Connecticut to see
429	Governor Lamont. You would go with him, do the press
430	event, go back, make sure any follow-up work was done.
431	We were also, when I started, dealing with a
432	significant number of bills that had passed both houses
433	of the legislature and had not yet been signed. So I
434	wouldn't say this was a daily occurrence, but at least
435	once a week we would get on the phone and go through
436	legislation with staff recommendations for signature or
437	veto.
438	Q.Who did you report to as Special Counsel?
439	A.Melissa DeRosa, Secretary to the Governor.
440	Q.Let's talk about once the pandemic started. Did
441	your duties and responsibilities change at all?
442	A.Um, I would say the focus of the day-to-day
443	certainly shifted away from, you know, what I would call
444	more regular legislative policy business to focus almost
445	exclusively on the pandemic.
446	We did have to negotiate a budget at the same
447	time, which we did, but, you know, I think the
448	day-to-day focus was COVID every day.
449	became involved in drafting the executive orders and

450	that really flowed through we had enacted legislation
451	to grant the Governor enhanced we called
452	it "directive responsibility authority" under the
453	executive law.
454	And so, as part of that, you know, we began
455	drafting the executive orders, which prior to COVID had
456	typically run through Kumiki, the more
457	run-of-the-mill you know, there's flooding in this
458	county, issue an executive order, Kumiki would have
459	handled that prior.
460	Q.And you may have just answered that, but were you
461	the only counsel that provided legal advice to the
462	Executive Chamber on COVID task force related issues?
463	A.I would not say only. I mean, I think there were
464	so many different legal issues that would have been
465	impossible for only one person to provide legal advice.
466	But, you know, Judy was also involved, Linda
467	Lacewell was also very involved in legal considerations
468	and, you know, one of the great things about COVID was,
469	we had a number of people volunteering to help law
470	firms volunteered pro bono.
471	So you know, we would reach out for advice to
472	other folks, experts, in various areas of law
473	frequently.
474	EXAMINATION BY

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475 MR. BENZINE: 476 Q.Ms. Lacewell, what was her position during the pandemic? 477 478 A.Linda was the Superintendent of the Department of 479 Financial Services. She had previously been Chief of 480 Staff to Governor Cuomo as well as his Special Counsel. 481 Q. You said she was one of the people providing 482 legal advice. Did she have a formal legal relationship 483 with the Executive Chamber? 484 A.We do consider all of the executive branch agencies to come under the Executive Chamber's 485 486 privilege. We have all of the general counsels report 487 in through the counsel to the Governor, and so, you 488 know, we did view attorney-client privilege as covering communications with any agencies on any topic where we 489 490 were seeking or they were assisting us with legal 491 advice. 492 Q.Okay. 493 EXAMINATION BY 494 MR. EMMER: 495 Q.I'll warn you. This is a long list but I want to 496 ask you if you have spoke with or e-mailed any of the 497 following people regarding COVID-19 between January 2020 498 and the present. And we'll walk through each one after.

A.Okay. I was going to say, I don't know that I

500	could possibly, you know, remember with specificity now
501	four years later, but
502	Q.And you can testify to that too.
503	A.Yeah, okay.
504	Q.So former Governor Andrew Cuomo?
505	A.No.
506	Q.Former Secretary to the Governor Melissa DeRosa?
507	A.Yes.
508	Q.Mr. Gareth Rhodes?
509	A.Yes.
510	Q.Dr. Jim Malatras?
511	A.Yes.
512	Q.Mr. Rich Azzopardi?
513	A.Yes.
514	Q.Mr. Peter Ajemian?
515	A.Ajemian, yes.
516	MR. KEHOE: Got to get the Armenian names
517	down, Jack.
518	Q.Ms. Dani Lever?
519	A.Yes.
520	Q.Ms. Linda Lacewell?
521	A.Yes.
522	Q.Ms. Judith Mogul?
523	A.Yes.
524	Q.Ms. Megan Baldwin?

22

525 A.Yes. 526 Q.Mr. Larry Schwartz? 527 A.I don't recall specifically. Larry did come back 528 to assist. He was involved in a lot of pandemic-related 529 efforts. I don't really specifically remember, but I 530 will also say that the practice in the Executive Chamber 531 was to generally CC a number of individuals on an e-mail 532 for wide visibility and awareness and it is possible 533 that he may have been CCed on certain things. 534 Q.Mr. Robert Mujica? 535 A.I believe, yes. O.Ms. Jill DesRosiers? 536 537 A.Yes. Q.Ms. Annabelle Walsh? 538 539 A.I believe so, yes. I think, you know, Annabelle, 540 not so much on substance, but probably on some of these 541 for visibility. 542 Q.Dr. Howard Zucker? 543 A.Yes. 544 Q.Dr. Eleanor Adams? 545 A.Yes. 546 Q.Ms. Sally Dreslin? 547 A.From January 1st? 548 Q.2020.

A.Yes, I'm sure there was some.

23

550	Q.Mr. Gary Holmes?
551	A.Yes.
552	Q.Mr. Kenneth Raske?
553	A.Um, to be honest, I don't think so. I did deal
554	from time to time with his counsel, Laura oh my gosh,
555	I'm blanking on her last name. It starts with an A.
556	She's not on your list, is she? I can't think of her
557	name.
558	EXAMINATION BY
559	MR. BENZINE:
560	Q.Would it have been in the course of the
561	legislative process I mean, Mr. Raske had
562	MR. ISELIN: Alfredo.
563	THE WITNESS: Laura Alfredo. Thank you.
564	A.Um, look, I don't recall specifically e-mails
565	necessarily about nursing homes, but there were
566	certainly greater New York was very concerned about
567	staff and out of state and even out of country practice
568	waivers that were required of the executive orders for a
569	very broad part of the pandemic.
570	And so, there were a lot of conversations
571	about executive orders with respect to that. I don't
572	specifically recall really e-mailing with Ken Raske
573	about nursing homes specifically.

574 EXAMINATION BY

575	MR. EMMER:
576	Q.Just to make sure the record is clear, the prompt
577	is e-mailed or spoken with.
578	A.E-mailed or spoken with. (Nodding.)
579	Q.Continuing down the list, Mr. Lee Pearlman?
580	A. That name is not ringing any bells for me.
581	I'm sorry, Mr. Lee Pearlman, whoever you are.
582	Q.Mr. Michael Dowling?
583	A.Um, again, we spoke with Michael frequently about
584	hospital issues. Um, I don't recall specifically
585	conversations or e-mails with him about nursing homes,
586	no.
587	Q.Dr. Anthony Fauci?
588	A.Um, I can say no to that one, yes.
589	Q.Dr. Francis Collins?
590	A.I don't think so, no.
591	Q.Mr. Alex Azar?
592	A.I don't believe so.
593	Q.Ms. Seema Verma?
594	A.I don't think so.
595	Q.Dr. Deborah Birx?
596	A.No.
597	Q.Dr. Robert Redfield?
598	A.It's possible that I might have gotten, like,
599	forwarded an e-mail.

25

600 Again, it's very hard to recall. I don't want 601 to be so equivocal here, but I just, you know, again, I 602 don't recall any specific conversations or any e-mail 603 where I was directly interacting with any of these 604 individuals, but on the off chance that someone may have 605 forwarded me something that I no longer remember, I'm 606 going to just give you that little asterisk here that 607 it's possible. 608 Q.Dr. Michael Osterholm? A.I would put him in the same camp. 609 610 Q.That's possible? 611 A. Possible that maybe someone forwarded me an 612 e-mail, but I had no direct interactions, no. Q.Finally, David Grabowski? 613 A.No. I don't recall. 614 EXAMINATION BY 615 616 MR. BENZINE: 617 Q.It was almost finally. 618 What about Giorgio DeRosa? 619 A. About nursing homes, no. 620 Q.Okay. 621 EXAMINATION BY MR. EMMER: 622 623 Q.Going through the list, let's start with Melissa

624

DeRosa.

26

625	Do you recall the nature of the discussions or
626	e-mails you had regarding COVID-19 and nursing homes
627	with Ms. DeRosa?
628	A.Um, yeah. Look, I think there was a wide variety
629	of conversations throughout the pandemic around nursing
630	homes. We started, I think, very early in trying to
631	quickly get out guidance and adapt to changing CMS and
632	CDC guidelines. And so, you know, this would have been
633	early March.
634	You know, we talked about restricting
635	visitation to, you know, only essential medical
636	personnel, you know, at any nursing home initially.
637	There was, for a time, a containment zone
638	within Westchester where we were trying to isolate COVII
639	and contact trace to diminish the spread. This would be
640	around March 9, 10, around that period. So there was
641	certainly e-mails around that.
642	There were conversations and e-mails around
643	masking policies for staff. Staff health screenings.
644	Um, you know, it really ran the gamut of issues that we
645	were sort of dealing with in serial. As new guidance
646	came out, do we want to extend this new guidance that
647	just came out, do we want to put out a new document,
648	those kinds of issues.

Early on, um, after I think it was April 2020

27

650 when there were questions around the March 25th quidance, I think there were a number of e-mails as well 651 652 about what the questioning in the press conference was 653 related to. And then follow-ups from there about all of 654 the efforts that we had undertaken in nursing homes to 655 try to contain the spread of COVID. Um, and, you know, 656 certainly, lots of e-mails, conversations about, you 657 know, just outbreaks, testing, what else we could be 658 doing at different points. 659 I mean, I wouldn't say we e-mailed or spoke about it every day, but there were certainly too many 660 661 e-mails and too many conversations to specifically 662 recall now at this point. 663 Q.And we'll discuss the March 25th order in more 664 detail later on, but you brought up how in early March 665 you were discussing the threat to nursing homes with Ms. 666 DeRosa. Prior to its issuance, did you talk about the 667 need for the March 25th order? 668 MR. KEHOE: Well, I think at that point, that would be a privileged conversation on that. 669 670 MR. BENZINE: That is a policy question, whether or not the policy supported the order, not 671 672 whether or not there was a legal backing for the order. 673 MR. KEHOE: Let me think about that for a

minute. We are talking about a conversation -- I mean

675	if you want to say that they had conversations without
676	going into the details of it, that's fine. Did you
677	talk about it? Yes. Without going into the details.
678	MR. BENZINE: Okay.
679	MR. KEHOE: Is that fine?
680	EXAMINATION BY
681	MR. EMMER:
682	Q.My question was, if you ever spoke to Ms. DeRosa
683	about the need for the March 25th order?
684	A.I don't believe so.
685	MR. KEHOE: Kind of solved the problem.
686	MR. BENZINE: There you go. It's nice when
687	it works out that way.
688	MR. KEHOE: That is right.
689	Q.What about Ms. Lacewell? Do you recall the
690	nature of your conversations related to nursing homes
691	with her?
692	A.Um, it's highly likely that Linda was involved in
693	many of the same conversations. So in an effort to sort
694	of keep some of this a little bit streamlined, I think,
695	you know, Linda was very engaged in some of the data
696	tracking and working with Megan Baldwin on, like I
697	don't know the best way to describe it, but sort of like
698	putting out fires as it related to what we were calling
699	actually, you know, hot spots or clusters of outbreaks

in nursing homes, making sure nursing homes had PPE, had staff, that DOH could provide supplemental support where needed, but again, I think a lot of the conversations that I had with Melissa, Linda would have been part of them.

Q.And to make sure the record is clear, you brought up Megan Baldwin. Do you recall what her role was in the response or within the administration?

A.Mm-hmm. So Megan Baldwin was our Assistant
Secretary for Health. And so she was on the program
side of the house responsible for the Department of
Health. Its, you know, policy, operations, etc.

So she was really a critical liaison between the Executive Chamber and the Department in terms of, you know, being our window into what their capabilities were, what they were currently doing on any given issue.

Q.So in regards to former Governor Andrew Cuomo, you have answered that you have not spoken with or e-mailed with him regarding COVID and nursing homes, but were you ever in any meetings where it was discussed?

A.Again, I think I misheard your proviso in the beginning, spoken or e-mailed. Governor Cuomo does not e-mail, so I can answer categorically there were no e-mails, but we certainly had conversations about a lot of the same issues. Creation of the containment zone,

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725	restricting visitation. So definitely, there were
726	conversations with him, just not any e-mails.
727	Q.Since January 2023 have you had any conversations
728	with Governor Cuomo or Melissa DeRosa about our
729	investigation?
730	A.Um, I believe I had one conversation with
731	Melissa, um, where she had asked if I had been contacted
732	by the committee, where I had not at that point, so I
733	told her that I had not been contacted by the committee.
734	And I believe shortly after that, I did
735	receive a letter requesting this interview, which I did
736	not have to tell her I got because it was reported in
737	the New York Post immediately, so that was helpful.
738	EXAMINATION BY
739	MR. BENZINE:
740	Q.When was the last time that you had spoken to
741	Governor Cuomo?
742	A.I think I wished him a happy birthday in December
743	maybe. We certainly don't speak regularly but, you
744	know, periodically.
745	EXAMINATION BY
746	MR. EMMER:
747	Q.To clarify, you heard from Ms. DeRosa prior to us
748	sending a letter in February of 2023, and you haven't

spoken with her since you received the letter?

750	A.I have not spoken with her about the committee
751	since then. I think, um, you know, we may have
752	exchanged a few texts of just, you know, what's going on
753	vis-a-vis, like, world news, but not anything specific
754	to this.
755	Q.To make sure the record is clear, you haven't
756	discussed the substance of your testimony today with
757	anyone involved in this investigation, including
758	Ms. DeRosa and the Governor?
759	A.Correct.
760	MR. KEHOE: When the letter came in, we
761	pretty much shut down communications to respect the
762	process.
763	MR. EMMER: Thank you.
764	Q.Now, I want to ask if you had any interactions
765	with any of the following institutions and related
766	nursing homes during COVID-19 between January 1st, 2020
767	and the present.
768	So first, the office of the New York State
769	Attorney General?
770	A.And by interactions, right, you would mean phone,
771	e-mail, you know, conversation?
772	Q.Correct.
773	A.And I'm sorry. Give me the first one again.
774	Q.If you have spoken with or e-mailed any of the

32

775 following institutions relating to nursing homes and 776 COVID-19 between January 1, 2020 and the present. 777 A.And that was with anyone in the office of the New 778 York State Attorney General? 779 O.Correct. 780 A.Yes. 781 Q.And we are going to walk through them and ask 782 follow-up questions. 783 A.Mm-hmm. 784 Q. The Manhattan District Attorney's office? 785 A.Um, yes. 786 Q.New York State Comptroller? 787 A.I -- I mean again, I'm aware of interactions. I 788 don't recall specifically having any of those 789 conversations, but I'm sure someone forwarded me an 790 e-mail at some point. 791 Q. The New York State Assembly Judiciary Committee? 792 A.Yes. 793 Q.U.S. Department of Justice? 794 A.Yes. 795 Q.I believe you already answered this but the 796 Greater New York Hospital Association? 797 A.Yes. 798 Q.Northwell Health?

799

A.Yes.

800	Q.Finally, McKinsey & Company?
801	A.I mean, again, I think some of these are, like, I
802	might have gotten forwarded some of their
803	communications. I don't recall specifically having any
804	interaction with anyone from McKinsey on this. I know
805	that they were working with the Department, so I'm going
806	to say yes. I'm probably on some e-mails with them, but
807	there was not really substantive interaction.
808	MR. KEHOE: When you say "department,"
809	Department of Health?
810	THE WITNESS: Correct. Department of
811	Health.
812	Q.Starting with the office of the New York State
813	Attorney General
814	MR. KEHOE: I'll stop you for a second.
815	You do know that Ms. Garvey was deposed by AG, so
816	that's
817	MR. BENZINE: It's separate, so we're
818	qualifying her for any conversations.
819	MS. KEHOE: Okay, that's fine.
820	Q.Starting with the Attorney General, were you
821	interviewed as far as their investigation into nursing
822	homes in the end of 2020 and 2021?
823	A.No.
824	Q.What about the Manhattan District Attorney's

34

825 office inquiry into nursing homes? 826 A.Nope. 827 EXAMINATION BY 828 MR. BENZINE: 829 Q.I'll mention there was the AG's report came out 830 in like --831 A.February --832 Q.February 22nd. 833 MS. '21. 834 MR. EMMER: 2021? 835 Q.And Ms. DeRosa wrote in her book that she had a 836 phone call with the Attorney General the morning that it 837 came out. Were you on that phone call? 838 A.Yes. 839 Q. The way Ms. DeRosa described it in her book as 840 opposed to the transcript of the call is a little bit 841 different. In the book she framed it as being a little 842 bit upset that they didn't get a heads-up. The actual 843 transcript was pretty littered with expletives and was 844 more than upset, and frankly, I think suggested that 845 they should have had the opportunity to review the 846 report prior to its issuance. 847 A.Yes. 848 Q.What is your recollection of that phone call? A.My recollection upon reading the transcript that 849

850	was published on that call was that it accurately
851	reflected my recollection of that call.
852	Q.Okay.
853	A.It was a rather heated call. The it was
854	clear during the call that reporters had already been
855	given the report, you know, embargoed, and we were given
856	about a 10-minute heads-up. So I think tempers
857	certainly flared at that.
858	I think prior to this, there was a real
859	expectation that, you know, we were working
860	collaboratively with the Attorney General's office on a
861	number of different initiatives. And this was, I think,
862	in terms of taking a leap, not based on our
863	understanding of the facts, we were very concerned about
864	the potential for inaccurate information being put out
865	to the public.
866	Q. The Attorney General of New York is independently
867	elected, correct?
868	A.Correct.
869	Q.Is it an expectation that the Executive Chamber
870	gets to review their reports prior to issuance?
871	A.I would say that it is very situational.
872	Certainly, the Attorney General is also the lawyer for
873	every state agency. And so it really does sort of put a
874	crimp in your attorney-client working relationship when,

875	you know, they feel the need to take information and
876	publish it about one of the agencies that they
877	purportedly represent.
878	But, um, look, I think there was no legal
879	requirement that they give us a heads-up but, you know,
880	there are typically, even in politics, rules about fair
881	play and good form and I you know, I think that this
882	report, you know, would have benefitted from a little
883	consultation directly with certainly the Department at
884	minimum but also the Chamber.
885	Q.Okay. I appreciate.
886	Jack?
887	EXAMINATION BY
888	MR. EMMER :
889	Q.Really quick follow-up since we are talking about
890	it right now. You have brought up how it would have
891	been beneficial to review it and concerns with
892	inaccurate information within the report.
893	Can you generally describe what parts of the
894	report you had concerns with?
895	A. The Attorney General did update the report after
896	issuing it. I think they miscounted the number of
897	nursing homes that had not had a positive COVID case
898	before the distribution of the March 25th guidance.
899	Q.Okay.

900	A.And they sort of silently updated the report
901	online acknowledging that it was an error but not you
902	know, again, it was something that was a knowable fact.
903	If they had, you know, actually intended to seek any of
904	our input.
905	Q.As it relates to nursing homes, what was the
906	nature of your interactions with the New York State
907	Assembly Judiciary Committee?
908	A.Um, I believe that we were asked for
909	records that the Chamber was asked for records, that
910	individuals were asked for records.
911	Um, I personally did not appear, but I believe
912	that I also personally got a request for records, not
913	just, you know, on behalf of the Chamber.
914	Q.And the request, that was in relation to their
915	impeachment inquiry?
916	A.Yes.
917	Q.You answered yes to the U.S. Department of
918	Justice. Can you briefly describe the interactions that
919	you have had with them?
920	MR. KEHOE: That is one and it's not on
921	our side but in conversations with the Executive
922	Chamber counsel, that has been a red line area.
923	So if we can just pass on that one
924	and look, Mitch, I'll gladly answer the question.

925	I'm just telling you that one of the things that they
926	had put a red line on us from the beginning were the
927	DOJ investigations, for whatever reason. It's not
928	clear to me why. That's different from the others.
929	But I just want to bring that.
930	So if you can pass on this one and then
931	just get back to us, we'll gladly answer anything you
932	want if they just say it's okay.
933	MR. BENZINE: I'll phrase it as a yes no
934	and then move on.
935	MR. KEHOE: Sure.
936	EXAMINATION BY
937	MR. BENZINE:
938	Q. The Executive Chamber sent letters under CRIPA to
939	the Executive Chamber in, like, August of 2020 and
940	opened the CRIPA investigation. And just a yes no,
941	understanding the restrictions, were you involved in the
942	State's response to those letters?
943	A.Yes.
944	Q.Okay.
945	MR. KEHOE: I don't mean to be obstructive.
946	MR. BENZINE: No, no. I understand.
947	EXAMINATION BY
948	MR. EMMER:
949	Q.I would like to now ask you some general

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950 operational questions. How did the Governor's team typically 951 952 communicate with each other? 953 A.We had, as I said earlier, a standing senior 954 staff call to catch up on the day's activities. We also 955 communicated a lot by e-mail. And again, to the extent, 956 you know, we needed to have one-off phone calls about 957 specific topics, we would do phone calls. It -- you 958 know, to the extent we were able to be in the same place 959 at various points during COVID, we would -- you know, walk down the hall into people's offices too. 960 961 Q.You had a state e-mail, correct? 962 A.Yes. 963 Q.Did you ever conduct official business via 964 personal e-mail? 965 A. Every once in a while I would get something that 966 would go to my personal e-mail inadvertently, but no. 967 As a general rule, everything was on my Executive 968 Chamber e-mail. 969 Q.Did you have a state issued cell phone? 970 A.Yes. I had two, an iPhone and a BlackBerry 971 device. 972 MR. BENZINE: That sounds horrible. 973 MR. KEHOE: I miss BlackBerries. I really

974

do.

975	THE WITNESS: It was not what I would call
976	fun.
977	MR. BENZINE: Yeah.
978	Q.Did you ever conduct official business via
979	personal cell phone?
980	A.Yeah. From time to time like if one of my other
981	phones was dead, I would use my personal cell phone, but
982	as a rule, I think generally people would text or, you
983	know, on the BlackBerry device I would get pins to.
984	Q.Did you ever conduct official business via an
985	encrypted messaging app like Signal or WhatsApp?
986	A.I have both, but I did not conduct official
987	business via them.
988	Q.Do you recall whether the Executive Chamber
989	conducted business via Microsoft Teams on a desktop or a
990	laptop?
991	A.I don't. I'm sure we had it. Um, our typical
992	platform for videoconferencing was Zoom.
993	Q.At this time, I would like to introduce what will
994	be marked as Majority's Exhibit 1.
995	(Whereupon, an e-mail thread is marked as
996	Majority Exhibit 1 by Mitch Benzine.)
997	Q.This is an e-mail thread between yourself,
998	Melissa DeRosa, Judith Mogul, Gareth Rhodes, Linda
999	Lacewell and other Executive Chamber and Health

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1000 Department officials. 1001 And I just want to direct your attention to 1002 the top e-mail from Ms. DeRosa where she states in all 1003 caps, "delete this chain. Don't respond to it." 1004 Ms. Garvey, do you recall this request to 1005 delete an e-mail thread? 1006 A.I don't, actually. 1007 Q.So you wouldn't recall if you deleted it? A.I don't remember. 1008 1009 Q.Do you recall any other requests from Ms. DeRosa 1010 or any other Executive Chamber employees to delete e-mails or official documents? 1011 1012 A.Um, no. 1013 Let me just qualify that. You know, in New 1014 York we have a very strict rule about separating out 1015 political communications from state official 1016 communications. Every once in a while, someone would 1017 send out -- even if it was completely innocent -- a 1018 fundraising -- you know, I'm hosting a fundraiser for 1019 this person, please come kind of a thing, it would come 1020 to an official e-mail and immediately be followed with a 1021 please delete. So I'm certain that that occurred once 1022 or twice. Um, but no. As a practice, that was not a 1023 directive that I recall getting. 1024

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1025 Q.So you differentiated between unofficial and 1026 official, but are you aware of at any time any Executive 1027 Chamber or Task Force deleting official documents? 1028 A.Um, no. And but I just do want to say also, you 1029 know, I think some people had automatic deletion set up on their e-mail after a period of time. You know, so I 1030 1031 guess I'm trying to hedge a little bit here. 1032 Like, it's possible that every single document 1033 from the beginning of the COVID-19 pandemic to present 1034 is not perfectly preserved because someone had a 90-day delete on their official e-mail inbox. New York's 1035 1036 freedom of information law, you know, does not have a 1037 general requirement that every official e-mail that 1038 comes to your official address be preserved. 1039 So the freedom of information law provides a 1040 presumption of access to records that are in possession 1041 but not a baseline requirement to maintain possession of 1042 every single document. 1043 EXAMINATION BY 1044 MR. BENZINE: 1045 Q.Do you know the Executive Chamber's retention 1046 policy? I know at universities or even if me, if I 1047 delete my e-mail, it is still on a Congressional server 1048 somewhere. It really doesn't matter. Is that similar

in the Executive Chamber?

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1050	A.No. So there is not a, you know, mandatory
1051	requirement of preservation. You know, there are
1052	obviously certain records that are preserved
1053	indefinitely. Things like, you know, records of the
1054	Governor signing a bill. And some of that information
1055	is an official record of the chamber and it is
1056	preserved. There are also certain
1057	requirements related to maintenance of other memos
1058	related to executive orders, for instance. But there's
1059	not a general policy.
1060	I believe the chamber's policy was 90 days.
1061	You could override that as an individual. And as
1062	counsel, I preferred to keep my e-mails so I do did not
1063	have an automatic delete on my e-mails.
1064	MR. KEHOE: So it's different then, having
1065	worked on the Hill like you guys, National Archives,
1066	they scoop up anything and everything they possibly can
1067	from toilet paper to notes. So when I came into this,
1068	I asked the same question and it is different.
1069	MR. BENZINE: I appreciate it.
1070	Q.I'll state for the record, and you can see by the
1071	Bates number, this was produced by the State Department
1072	of Health and not by the Executive Chamber, despite
1073	Executive Chamber's being on it.

So we have questions of whether or not we are

1075 missing things, whether or not there are documents that 1076 are missing. Not necessarily from your inbox, but just in general. So asking the retention questions? 1077 1078 A.Yeah. And look, there were certainly 1079 preservation notices sent out associated with certain 1080 legal process that the Chamber received that came later. 1081 And I would expect that those preservation notices were 1082 adhered to. I have no reason to think that they were 1083 not. 1084 But again, I think prior to that, there was 1085 not an inherent legal requirement that every record be maintained. I -- well, I can only speak to that. 1086 1087 Q.Yeah. I appreciate it. 1088 MR. EMMER: We can go off the record. 1089 (Whereupon, an off-the-record discussion 1090 was held.) 1091 We can go back on the record. MS. 1092 EXAMINATION BY 1093 MS. 1094 Q.Good morning, Ms. Garvey. 1095 A. Good morning. 1096 Q.I want to first echo the thanks of my Republican 1097 colleagues for you agreeing to speak with us today. We 1098 know it is voluntary and we appreciate that.

As I said before, my name is

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1100 am Senior Counsel for the Select Committee Democrats. 1101 As an initial matter, you spoke in the 1102 previous hour a little bit about your responsibilities 1103 pre-COVID with Governor Cuomo and then sort of after 1104 COVID started. 1105 Based on your start date of September of 2019 1106 you didn't have all that much time --1107 A.No. 1108 Q.-- in sort of your normal course of business 1109 before COVID sort of kicked in. So we talked about how 1110 your responsibilities changed, but I would like to hear 1111 about how the atmosphere changed, how your work hours 1112 changed and all of those things, if you can mention 1113 anything. A.Yes. I will say, you know, the previous months 1114 1115 of working for Governor Cuomo were certainly, you know, 1116 strenuous. He always had a very aggressive policy 1117 agenda. You know, I probably pretty typically, you 1118 know, worked 12-hour days. That was not unusual. 1119 You know, Saturday might be a little quieter, but typically Sundays were another workday, right? You 1120 1121 may get a little time for errands in the morning and 1122 then we were pretty much back in the office doing work. 1123 When COVID happened, it really became almost a

24/7 response effort. That entire, I don't know, three,

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1125	three and a half month period we did not have a single
1126	day off.
1127	Q.March to May?
1128	A.Yeah. It really started before March really.
1129	Um, you know, we had started tracking the novel
1130	coronavirus with, you know, some of the early WHO and
1131	CDC alerts that went out.
1132	So Megan Baldwin, who as I mentioned earlier,
1133	who was the Assistant Secretary, sent us updates
1134	starting in January. And I have a very distinct memory
1135	of going back. You know, we issued the budget, which is
1136	usually around Martin Luther King Day. And we released
1137	the budget and that's a big effort. You know, it's lots
1138	of legislation, thousands of pages, all the policy
1139	objectives, right, so that's sort of all consuming.
1140	But getting the budget out the door and then I
1141	remember saying to one of my colleagues, Rebecca Wood,
1142	have you been following all of these e-mails from Megan?
1143	This novel coronavirus really does not sound good at
1144	all. Because, you know, it was really in the
1145	background.
1146	When we started to see some of the first PUIs,
1147	or the persons under investigation, Megan would send a
1148	morning update of, you know, here's a person who

1149 traveled to the Hubei province. They have come down

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1150	with respiratory symptoms. They are in quarantine and a
1151	testing sample is on its way to the CDC and we'll advise
1152	about test results.
1153	So it really was a ramp up, you know, prior to
1154	March. So the Governor did have his eye on this as a
1155	potential issue.
1156	And there were a number of meetings with the
1157	Department of Health in advance. There were meetings
1158	with both houses of the legislature. But you know, it
1159	really took on sort of the singular focus as the most
1160	important issue facing the state for virtually, you
1161	know, almost all of the remainder of our time there.
1162	Q.Thank you.
1163	As you know, one of the things we haven't
1164	touched on it too much today, one of the reasons that
1165	brings you here today is the Department of Health report
1166	that was released on July 6, 2020.
1167	So I'm just going to dive right in with that
1168	and we'll introduce it. This will be Minority Exhibit
1169	A.
1170	(Whereupon, July 6th Department of Health
1171	Report was marked as Minority's Exhibit A for
1172	identification as of this date by the Reporter.)
1173	Q.As I said, this is Minority Exhibit A. It is the

Department of Health report issued July 6, 2020, titled

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1175 Factors Associated with Nursing Home Infections and 1176 Fatalities in New York State during the COVID-19 Global 1177 Health Crisis. 1178 Are you familiar with this report? 1179 A.Yes. 1180 Q.This was the first in-depth analysis of nursing 1181 home data publicly released by the Department of Health, 1182 so we have to assume multiple people and we have heard 1183 about multiple people being involved in pulling this 1184 report together. Do you know who was involved with drafting 1185 1186 this report? 1187 A.Um, I believe that the initial draft was prepared 1188 by the Department of Health. Um, I know that they also 1189 utilized McKinsey as far as assisting with some of the 1190 data analysis. As far as who specifically at the 1191 Department of Health, I'm not totally positive. 1192 Q.Are you aware of others outside of the Department 1193 of Health besides McKinsey who were involved in the 1194 drafting and the editing of the report? 1195 A.As far as drafting, no. But there was a group 1196 within the Executive Chamber that were involved in 1197 editing the report, yes. 1198 Q.Okay. And who were those people?

A.Um, I received copies, um, I believe that Melissa

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1200 DeRosa did as well. Linda Lacewell, Gareth Rhodes, Jim 1201 Malatras, our press folks I think, you know, Dani Lever 1202 was still there and Peter Ajemian and probably Rich 1203 Azzopardi as well. Um, I think Dana Carotenuto was 1204 probably given a copy. 1205 Q.Thank you. 1206 Are any of those people who you just listed 1207 data or public health experts? 1208 A.No, I would not say public health experts or data 1209 experts. 1210 Q.And do you know at what point in the drafting 1211 process DOH shared the report with the Executive 1212 Chamber? A.It would be hard for me to characterize where it 1213 1214 was. I think what we -- the first version that I saw 1215 was a pretty final product, right? I mean, I don't 1216 think that I could give you, you know, this section was 1217 missing or that section was missing, but you know, I do 1218 recall being copied on several versions of the report 1219 that was going through, you know, various refinements 1220 for things like readability. Different folks were 1221 raising different points. 1222 I think my viewpoint and looking at the report 1223 and offering suggestions was making sure that the

narrative around what our, you know, executive order

1225	said, what the public health law said, etc., that those
1226	were all accurate and easily understandable in the
1227	report.
1228	Um, but overall, um, I know I did receive
1229	several different versions at different points in time.
1230	Q.Thank you.
1231	Dr. Eleanor Adams has previously spoken with
1232	us and she told us, in her view, there were two versions
1233	of the report. One that she and others at DOH had
1234	worked on that was very data driven. Their idea was
1235	that it would be published in an academic or scientific
1236	journal and that really did a deep dive into the data
1237	that they were seeing at the Department of Health.
1238	She said the other version is what was
1239	published and that it was not data focused. The
1240	second so that the second not-data focused one was
1241	the one that was released, and she said she didn't do
1242	much on it and can't claim credit for that work product.
1243	Do you know why there were two distinct
1244	versions of the report?
1245	A.I certainly don't want to, you know, contradict
1246	Eleanor's testimony. You know, I don't know that I
1247	could say there were two versions of the report. I
1248	certainly did not do a very deep dive into the report,
1249	but I believe that I saw several different iterations of

1250	it, right?
1251	So I don't know that I would concur that there
1252	were only two versions, but I think that might make
1253	sense from her perspective that there was a version that
1254	was more data driven and that later, the ultimate report
1255	was less data driven.
1256	I do think that there was a desire for the
1257	report to answer questions that had been raised in the
1258	press and in the public. And that in order to really
1259	address those questions clearly and cogently, a
1260	scientific journal article was not necessarily the best
1261	way to get that message across to the broader public and
1262	to the press.
1263	Q.Was there a specific person who was involved in
1264	the drafting or editing who made the decision on sort of
1265	how the report should present?
1266	MR. KEHOE: We are going to invoke
1267	privilege on that.
1268	MS. : The drafting of the a report
1269	would not be
1270	MR. KEHOE: No. Making decisions on. That
1271	involves conversations that are covered by the
1272	privilege.
1273	MS. Okay.
1274	MR KEHOF: Again if the Executive

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1275 Chamber says we can answer it, we'll answer it. 1276 : I understand. MS. 1277 Q.I guess the question then, this will just be a 1278 yes or no, were the conversations about the report 1279 in-person conversations? 1280 A.Um, there were some in-person conversations. 1281 There were some phone conversations. 1282 O.Were there e-mail conversations? 1283 A.I certainly received copies of the report in an 1284 e-mail. I think there may have been e-mail traffic that 1285 followed that up. I don't recall anything really 1286 specific. 1287 Q.Did those e-mails about the report contain the 1288 different versions of the report as it was going through 1289 the editing process? 1290 A.I think they probably would have. Again, I'm at 1291 a little bit of a disadvantage here not having access to 1292 my e-mail documents anymore, but I believe that the 1293 different versions traveled, you know, between and among 1294 the group by e-mail. 1295 Q.Okay. Dr. Jim Malatras told us that there was a 1296 phone call about the report that took place on, as he 1297 recalled, June 27, 2020. He told us that Ms. DeRosa 1298 instructed people on what numbers to include in the 1299 report and he said that you were on this call.

1300	Do you remember it?
1301	MR. KEHOE: That's where we'll invoke
1302	privilege on it.
1303	Q.Was it normal for the Executive Chamber to be
1304	involved with an agency report?
1305	A.Yes.
1306	Q.Do you know if Governor Cuomo was involved in
1307	drafting this report?
1308	A.I don't recall having any specific conversations
1309	with him about the substance of the report. I do recall
1310	conversations that the report was necessary. And there
1311	were also additional conversations that occurred later
1312	after the report was final.
1313	Um, but beyond that, I think the substance of
1314	those conversations is also going to be likely covered
1315	by the privilege there.
1316	Q.And do you know if Governor Cuomo reviewed the
1317	actual draft of the report before it was released?
1318	A.I don't.
1319	Q.Let's take a look at the actual report itself. I
1320	want to turn to page 7.
1321	A.(Witness complies.)
1322	Q.And in that big full paragraph that is on page $7$ ,
1323	it reports, and you can take your time to review it, but
1324	I will say it reports New York's fatality number for

1325	nursing homes at this time was 6,432. Do you see that?
1326	A.Yes.
1327	Q.So this is the number of nursing home deaths that
1328	the New York State Department of Health was stating
1329	publicly had occurred at this point in time, correct?
1330	A.I believe so, yes.
1331	Q.Is it your understanding that that was the actual
1332	number of nursing home deaths at this time?
1333	A.You know, I'm not sure that I can answer, again
1334	sitting here now, and without looking at the different
1335	data sets, that I can make a really confident assertion.
1336	A lot of it depends on what you mean by the word actual.
1337	Q.So was there some knowledge at that point in time
1338	that the numbers being reported were not giving a full
1339	picture of data that was being collected?
1340	A.I think that if I could recharacterize that
1341	slightly, I think the questions at this point had been
1342	raised in the press about nursing home residents who
1343	later died in hospitals not being captured in that
1344	nursing home fatality number. We reported by location
1345	of death.
1346	So there was a nursing home death if a survey
1347	respondent responded to HERDS and said we had a death in
1348	the facility that day. It was not captured in the
1349	nursing home survey. If a resident was transferred to a

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1350 hospital, a hospital would report that death. 1351 So, you know, when we talk about the nursing 1352 home fatalities, every fatality was counted in our 1353 overall death number every day, which was a very 1354 sobering number every day to look at. And the Governor 1355 was doing his press conference and there was a press 1356 release every single day of the number of deaths 1357 reported to us that day. 1358 So I do think that by this point we were 1359 certainly aware that people were saying there were nursing home residents dying in the hospital and 1360 1361 appearing in the hospital number, but you know, based on 1362 what I know of how we were collecting that data, these 1363 were the deaths that occurred in the nursing homes. 1364 Q. Thank you for that explanation. 1365 EXAMINATION BY 1366 MR. 1367 Q.Just to go back to what you just said so I can 1368 understand, are you saying that the HERDS survey that 1369 nursing homes submitted to DOH did not describe the 1370 deaths of residents that died at hospitals? 1371 A.Correct. So based on the specific questions on 1372 the HERDS survey, a nursing home would be queried about 1373 staff infections, resident infections, how much PPE they

had and they were also asked if there were any deaths in

1375	the facility to report that were either confirmed COVID
1376	or presumed COVID.
1377	Q.Okay.
1378	A.If a patient had to go to the hospital for
1379	further care, you know, that might that death may not
1380	occur for, you know, weeks.
1381	EXAMINATION BY
1382	MS.:
1383	Q.And not getting into privileged conversations,
1384	were there conversations among staff or disputes among
1385	staff about how those numbers should be reported?
1386	MR. KEHOE: To the extent that there was a
1387	dispute, it was a conversation so I'll invoke.
1388	Q.I'm going to introduce Minority Exhibit B.
1389	(Handing).
1390	MR. (Handing).
1391	(Whereupon, a New York Times article was
1392	marked as Minority's Exhibit B for identification as of
1393	this date by the Reporter.)
1394	Q. This is a New York Times article originally
1395	published on March 4, 2021. I'm going to go through a
1396	couple of different things that are in this article. I
1397	don't expect you to be familiar with it, but we'll go
1398	through a couple of things.
1399	At the very beginning it begins with top aides

1400	to Governor Andrew M. Cuomo were alarmed. A report
1401	written by state health officials had just landed and it
1402	included a count of how many nursing home residents in
1403	New York had died in the pandemic. The number, more
1404	than 9,000 in that point in June, was not public and the
1405	Governor's most senior aides wanted to keep it that way.
1406	They rewrote the report to take it out according to
1407	interviews and documents reviewed by the New York Times.
1408	So the first question is, obviously this 9,000
1409	number and the number that was included in the report,
1410	6,432 are different, correct?
1411	A.Yes.
1412	Q.Did you have knowledge at the time of a number of
1413	more than 9,000 being the number of nursing home deaths?
1414	A.On March 4th?
1415	Q.Well, no, when the report came out on July 6,
1416	2020.
1417	A.Yes. I was aware that there was a larger number.
1418	I, you know, could not swear to a specific number,
1419	but
1420	Q.Were other members of the executive team or COVID
1421	Task Force also aware of a larger number?
1422	A.Yes.
1423	Q.And to your knowledge, was that larger number
1424	purposely kept out of the DOH report?

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1425 A.I believe that there was an effort to make sure 1426 that the report was as accurate as it could possibly be. I do believe that there were concerns with the vetting 1427 1428 of the actual number. 1429 New York Times reports 9,000. Whatever that 1430 number was, whether it was really well vetted and 1431 whether it double counted certain deaths that were also 1432 being reported in the hospital number. 1433 Q.Was any consideration given to delaying the 1434 report until numbers could be verified? 1435 A.I don't know that I can answer the question that 1436 way without running afoul of the privilege. 1437 O.Understood. 1438 Was there a desire to fully vet the numbers 1439 that were given? 1440 A.Yes. There was a desire to make sure that every, 1441 you know, number was accurate and could be backed up 1442 with hard data. 1443 Q.So was there a reason that the report had to be 1444 released on July 6th before that could be done? A.Um, I'm not aware of any particular urgency to 1445 1446 the July 6th date as opposed to, you know, some later 1447 point, no. Q.Okay. And did it seem that it would be possible 1448

to vet the numbers that were not reliable?

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1450 A.We were -- and I say we, the Department of Health 1451 staff, you know, the outside consultants and others, were trying to understand how we could verify data that 1452 1453 was reported at various points in time, including at the 1454 height of the pandemic against other more reliable 1455 datasets. 1456 We did have, I think, just genuine concerns 1457 about how reliable any of these reports could be when it 1458 was largely self-reported by the nursing homes. 1459 Q.Let's look at another section of this New York 1460 Times article, turning to the second page the -- a 1461 paragraph right above the picture block. 1462 A.Mm-hmm. Q.It reads, "The changes sought by the Governor's 1463 1464 aides fueled bitter exchanges with health officials 1465 working on the report. The conflict punctuated an 1466 already tense and evolving relationship between 1467 Mr. Cuomo and his Health Department." 1468 Based on your knowledge, is this an accurate 1469 depiction of the relationship between Governor Cuomo and 1470 the Department of Health? 1471 MR. KEHOE: We'll invoke the privilege on 1472 that. 1473 MS. It is just a yes or no. MR. KEHOE: Well, I mean, it is not because 1474

1475	you are asking yes or no to the content of, clearly, a
1476	conversation.
1477	Q.Were there disagreements between Governor Cuomo
1478	and the Department of Health?
1479	A.Yes. From time to time, there were
1480	disagreements.
1481	Q.Was the report one of those areas of
1482	disagreement?
1483	A.I don't recall there being a fundamental
1484	disagreement. I believe that there was a desire to
1485	ensure that the information was accurate. The
1486	information that was self-reported by the nursing homes
1487	was difficult to verify. In the absence of that
1488	verification, a determination, you know, was made to
1489	keep the report as the way it was published on July 6,
1490	2020.
1491	Q.And then turning to the next page.
1492	A.(Witness complies.)
1493	Q. The third full paragraph down, it begins, "The
1494	aides who were involved in changing the report included
1495	Melissa DeRosa, the Governor's top aide; Linda Lacewell
1496	head of the state's Department of Financial Services;
1497	and Jim Malatras, a top adviser to Mr. Cuomo brought
1498	back to work on the pandemic. None had public health
1499	expertise."

1500	So you have already confirmed you were not
1501	aware of any of these individuals having public health
1502	expertise; is that accurate?
1503	A.Yes.
1504	Q.And none of them, Ms. DeRosa, Ms. Lacewell or Mr.
1505	Malatras, were employees of the Department of Health,
1506	correct?
1507	A.Correct.
1508	Q.And you also listed them as reviewing drafts of
1509	the Department of Health report, right?
1510	A.Yes.
1511	Q.To your knowledge, did they make decisions about
1512	the numbers to include in the report?
1513	MR. KEHOE: Invoking the privilege on that
1514	Q.Were any of the three regularly involved in
1515	drafting DOH reports?
1516	A. The Department of Health puts out hundreds of
1517	reports. You know, no, they were not regularly
1518	involved, but as I answered earlier to your question,
1519	every agency report would come to the Executive Chamber
1520	for review by the policy and programmatic staff.
1521	So it was not unusual that a report from
1522	Department of Health or any agency would come and be
1523	reviewed by Chamber. And we would provide edits,
1524	feedback, you know, questions, concerns, often leading

1525 to redrafts of reports.

Um, so, you know, I wouldn't say that there

would not be anything unusual in having agency reports

come to the Executive Chamber and be reviewed. I think

what's different about this situation was it was COVID

so we had a different group of people who were involved

including Linda and Jim, who, you know, were involved

here.

But ultimately things would go to Melissa for approval before anything would go out.

Q.Thank you.

And it sounded like there were a number of drafts going back and forth between the Department of Health and the Executive Chamber.

Was that number of drafts and number of revisions in line with what would normally happen with an agency report?

A.Yeah, I think so. I mean, it was not unusual for things to go through multiple iterations and, you know, things would sort of ping-pong, right? So I might edit and then they would make changes and then program would have questions about my edit and then they would have their own additional questions and then I would review their edits.

So, you know, it's hard to say that there was

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1550	a hard and fast rule. It was not a very rigorous, like,
1551	step one, it goes to this person and those edits are
1552	made and edited. A lot of times, drafts ping-ponged
1553	like that.
1554	So I would say yes, it was fairly typical.
1555	Q.Thank you.
1556	It was mentioned in the previous hour that the
1557	New York Attorney General conducted an investigation and
1558	issued a report on that investigation which was into the
1559	nursing home response. That report, as we said earlier,
1560	was released on January 28, 2021, and entitled Nursing
1561	Home Response to the COVID-19 Pandemic. Are
1562	you familiar with that report?
1563	A.Yes.
1564	Q.I don't have it printed mostly to save paper. It
1565	was a large report?
1566	A.Mm-hmm.
1567	Q.And we don't need to get into too many specifics
1568	of it, but I just want to reiterate as we stated earlier
1569	in New York the Attorney General does not report to the
1570	Governor, correct?
1571	A.Correct.
1572	Q.So this was an independent investigation and
1573	report?

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A.Correct.

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1575 Q.I'm just going to read out two little things from 1576 the report. The report found that quote "Discrepancies 1577 1578 remain over the number of New York nursing home 1579 residents who died of COVID-19. Data obtained by OAG 1580 shows that DOH publicized data vastly undercounted these 1581 deaths." End quote. 1582 The report then continued with the 1583 recommendation to the DOH that quote "It ensure public 1584 reporting by each nursing homes as to the number of COVID-19 deaths of residents occurring at the facility-1585 1586 and those that occurred during or after hospitalization 1587 of the residents-in a manner that avoids a double 1588 counting of resident deaths at hospitals and reported state COVID-19 death statistics." 1589 1590 MR. KEHOE: Can I ask you a question? 1591 Sure. MS. 1592 MR. KEHOE: The first bullet point, I 1593 believe, is not in the report. It's in a press report. 1594 Discrepancies? MS. 1595 MR. KEHOE: Yeah. 1596 It is in the executive summary MS. 1597 of the report. 1598 MR. KEHOE: It is in the press release. I

mean, I don't know if it's the report itself, but be

1600	that as it may.
1601	MS. It is in the executive summary.
1602	MR. KEHOE: If it's
1603	MS. We are not going to get into the
1604	details of that.
1605	MR. KEHOE: Sure.
1606	Q.My point is, this seems to be describing what you
1607	were talking about earlier, the difference in deaths in
1608	the nursing home residents who died in the hospitals; is
1609	that correct?
1610	A.Correct.
1611	Q.So that discrepancy of numbers that the New York
1612	OAG was talking about in the report reflects the
1613	discrepancies that you were seeing with the data at the
1614	time of working on the July 6th report?
1615	A.Yes.
1616	Q.On February 11, 2021, the New York Department of
1617	Health released an updated version of the July 6, 2020,
1618	report. Do you know if this report was issued in
1619	response to the OAG report?
1620	A.Um, I believe it was not so much in response to
1621	the OAG report, but also it followed up the finalization
1622	of the analysis of those numbers, which had just, you
1623	know, previous to that, been provided to members of the
1624	state legislature.

1625	But you know, it certainly was close in time
1626	to when the Attorney General report was being issued.
1627	But I don't believe it was directly in response, no.
1628	Q.Did the update that was released on February 11,
1629	2021 contain complete data on nursing home deaths?
1630	A.I believe that there was still a small number of,
1631	let's call them sort of disputed deaths, which I think
1632	we were unable to definitively match to a particular
1633	individual leading to some uncertainty about whether or
1634	not there may be double counting for that, you know,
1635	small subset.
1636	Q.And do you agree that it is important to report
1637	accurate public health data to the public during a
1638	public health emergency?
1639	A.Yes.
1640	Q.And why is that?
1641	A.We determined early on that we needed to keep the
1642	public informed all throughout the pandemic as to what
1643	we were seeing, that the, you know, absence of
1644	information would lead to, you know, unnecessary
1645	concern, anxiety, and also it benefitted us in guiding
1646	our response. So, you know, we did collect
1647	a lot of data and we did publish a lot of data. So
1648	every day that the Governor was doing his press
1649	conferences, he was, you know, listing the number of

1650	tests that were completed, the number of positive tests,
1651	he was showing, you know, by county, these are where we
1652	are seeing clusters and outbreaks. He would give
1653	updates on contact tracing. And they would update,
1654	every day, the number of deaths and the locations of
1655	those deaths.
1656	Q.Thank you. Changing topics.
1657	You just mentioned COVID testing and that obviously
1658	played a huge role in the response to COVID-19 and how to
1659	contain outbreaks and things like that.
1660	A.(Nodding.)
1661	Q.Was testing a focus of the Executive Chamber
1662	during the COVID-19 pandemic?
1663	A.Absolutely. We sought and received clearance
1664	from the CDC to run our own tests for COVID-19 because,
1665	you know, we felt the three-day lag three or four-day
1666	lag of, you know, shipping test samples down to
1667	Atlanta to wait for a result was going to really hamper
1668	our efforts to contact trace and get ahead of the virus.
1669	So we got that approval, we faced shortages
1670	throughout the pandemic for things like the swabs, the
1671	reagents. Everything was in very short supply but, you
1672	know, we did actually work very collaboratively with the
1673	Federal Government. They expedited the approval of our
1674	test. We worked with private labs.

1675	So testing was a major focus of the Governor.
1676	We set up testing centers that were free.
1677	Drive-through. Utilizing staff from different state
1678	agencies as well as National Guard to try to give
1679	everyone access to free and efficient testing.
1680	Q.You mentioned just now shortages that would limit
1681	the number of tests that could be given. That was a
1682	concern for the administration, correct?
1683	A.Yes.
1684	Q. There were also allegations in the early days of
1685	the pandemic when there were these shortages of tests
1686	that Governor Cuomo gave preferential access to the
1687	limited supply of COVID tests that were available at
1688	that point. And this has been reported in several media
1689	outlets.
1690	MS. : I'm going to introduce Minority
1691	Exhibit C. (Handing).
1692	And I will actually also introduce Minority
1693	Exhibit D.
1694	(Whereupon, Washington Post articles were
1695	marked as Minority Exhibits C and D for identification
1696	as of this date by the Reporter.)
1697	Q.So Minority Exhibit C and D are both articles
1698	from the Washington Post regarding the issue of priority
1699	testing. The first Exhibit C is from March 24, 2021,

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1700 and the second Exhibit D is from March 29, 2021. 1701 You may not be familiar with these articles 1702 but are you familiar with the allegations of priority 1703 testing? 1704 A.Yes. 1705 Q.I just want to say while we appreciate the 1706 importance of ensuring that individuals close to the 1707 Governor and other key officials were tested to minimize 1708 disruptions to the continuity of government operations, 1709 particularly during a public health crisis, there is a distinction between priority tests for this reason and a 1710 1711 suggestion that friends and allies of Governor Cuomo 1712 were given preferential access to tests. So I want to delve into this issue more with 1713 1714 you. Is it true as the report states, and I could give 1715 you time to read the articles if you choose to do so? 1716 MR. KEHOE: It's probably a good idea. 1717 Sure. MS. 1718 MR. KEHOE: Do you want to cruise through 1719 them? 1720 THE WITNESS: Yeah. 1721 Take your time. MS. 1722 MR. KEHOE: We New Yorkers don't read the 1723 Washington Post.

You're from Minnesota, Jack. You don't

1725	read them either.
1726	MR. EMMER: No, no.
1727	A.(Perusing).
1728	MR. KEHOE: Ready to go?
1729	THE WITNESS: Yeah.
1730	MS. To your point, Greg, there were
1731	several articles in the New York Times
1732	MR. KEHOE: I'm just kidding about that.
1733	Just have to joke.
1734	Q.But getting to the meat of the matter, these
1735	articles talk about DOH staff being tasked with
1736	administering COVID tests to what are deemed VIPs.
1737	If you look at the very bottom of the first
1738	page of Exhibit D, the article mentions Kenneth Cole
1739	being part of this program.
1740	A.(Witness complies.)
1741	Q.And if you turn to the third page of Exhibit C in
1742	the middle of the page, there's a paragraph that begins
1743	separately and it says "Separately, nurses working for
1744	the State were dispatched in two-person swabbing teams
1745	to test "dozens" of the VIPs, some living in penthouses
1746	in Manhattan, according to one person with direct
1747	knowledge."
1748	Do you have knowledge about a VIP COVID
1749	testing program?

A.Not as, you know, you have described it. I am aware that there was expedited testing for cases that were deemed, you know, critical to the response.

So I know DOH staff, and these two-person teams, for instance, when we first had the cluster in New Rochelle, DOH created a schedule of nurses that went house to house testing people. State troopers drove those tests up to Wadsworth because at that time, it was the only location that could perform the testing.

There were others, like people working at our test sites that from time to time did get priority testing. Eventually, you know, we got to the point where there were the antigen tests that people could do on their own and those were distributed to critical places.

So I do think that there were certain priorities that because we were in control of a limited number of tests, that from time to time we said we need to know right away whether or not this person has COVID because we need to know if everyone that came in contact with this person needs to be quarantined. It would have the effect of, you know, shutting down an entire testing site.

We had a person within the Chamber who tested positive. A number of people -- you know, they did the

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contact tracing. I think Dr. Zucker was personally 1775 1776 involved in doing the contact tracing. And individuals who came into contact with 1777 1778 that person had to quarantine for two weeks. It was not 1779 a situation where we tested them and went against the 1780 CDC guidelines. Those people had to quarantine. 1781 would only test them when and if they developed 1782 symptoms. 1783 So, you know, I think the characterization is 1784 a little bit unfair that if you knew someone you could get a test. That was certainly not the case and 1785 Dr. Zucker was consulted as far as what his medical 1786 1787 judgment was warranted and we followed the advice we got from him. 1788 1789 Q.So did Dr. Zucker sign off on where all the COVID 1790 tests went? 1791 A.I don't know that he signed off on, you know, every single test, but I think if there was ever a 1792 1793 question about whether or not priority could be given to 1794 a test, it was done in consultation with DOH senior 1795 officials. Whether it was in every case, Dr. Zucker or 1796 not, I don't remember. 1797 Q.And I think we can all appreciate priority tests 1798 being given for continuity of operations or keeping

vital services going. However, allegations in the media

1800	that people like Kenneth Cole were receiving priority
1801	tests is different, right?
1802	A.Oh, absolutely.
1803	Q.So what you described was sort of continuity of
1804	operations.
1805	A.Mm-hmm.
1806	Q.Making sure testing sites stayed open.
1807	Do you have any knowledge of priority tests
1808	being given outside of those specific government
1809	operations' needs?
1810	A.I became aware, as, you know, the pandemic
1811	progressed that there were individuals who were in
1812	contact with the Governor that were also given tests.
1813	And I think that, you know, we did consider him
1814	essential to our state's response, so him coming in
1815	contact with someone who was positive was of concern.
1816	MR. BENZINE: , I'm sorry. Can we go
1817	off the record for a second?
1818	MS. sure.
1819	(Whereupon, an off-the-record discussion
1820	was held.)
1821	MS. We can go back on the record.
1822	Q.Are you aware of Department of Health staff being
1823	diverted from their usual responsibilities in order to
1824	participate in priority testing?

1825 A.Um, I'm aware of what, you know, I just read in 1826 the New York Post, or Washington Post rather. Got New 1827 York on the brain.

Um, I will say, everyone got diverted from their normal responsibilities from time to time during COVID and whether there was, you know, someone who felt they could have been doing something more important with their time throughout the day, I'm certainly not going to quarrel with their own judgment about that, but I do think there were times we had to ask people to do some things that were outside the normal scope of what they were normally asked to do, absolutely.

Q.Did you ever get the sense that individuals were receiving COVID-19 tests for reasons other than preventing infection of Governor Cuomo himself or continuity of government operations?

A.I don't think I really have a full understanding of every single one of these, you know, allegations.

There are a lot of sort of veiled references here to VIPs. You know, I can't speak with any real knowledge about any of that.

My understanding was that it related to the operation of government. It related to contact with the Governor, contact with other critical infrastructure to the response. Beyond that, there's not much to go on

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1850 here in this story. So, you know, no, but at the same time, I 1851 1852 don't know that I was ever in that loop of reviewing or 1853 approving those testing protocols. 1854 O.So you don't have any personal knowledge of that? 1855 A.Correct. 1856 Q.Okay. Thank you. 1857 MS. : We can go off the record. 1858 (Whereupon, an off-the-record discussion 1859 was held.) 1860 MR. EMMER: We can go back on the record. 1861 EXAMINATION BY 1862 MR. EMMER: 1863 Q.Ms. Garvey, during this hour we are going to talk 1864 about perhaps the main reason we are here, which is the 1865 March 25th order, but first can you explain how Health 1866 Department guidance was developed and issued during the 1867 pandemic? 1868 A.Um, yes. So generally, quidance would come from 1869 the Department to the Executive Chamber. We started reviewing it really as we were right at the very, very 1870 1871 beginning of the pandemic. 1872 There were some regulations that were revised 1873 related to isolation and quarantine. And a number of

the, you know, publications, let's call it, like, they

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1875 were guidance documents for different settings and 1876 different groups needed to be updated. 1877 So those were coming to the Chamber for us to 1878 sort of look at those, make sure they were consistent 1879 with the new regulations, and that process really 1880 continued throughout COVID for a variety of things. Ιt 1881 might be that guidance was issued in response to an 1882 executive order or it might be guidance would be issued 1883 in response to CMS changing quidance or CDC changing quidance. And they were, you know, all variety of 1884 1885 things. 1886 So it would rarely be the Chamber saying we 1887 need to issue guidance on this, but more someone at Department of Health or it could have been another 1888 1889 agency. 1890 There were other agencies like AG and 1891 markets-issued quidance about contact with wild animals 1892 during COVID for COVID prevention. 1893 So we got a number of different guidance 1894 documents that were all coming into the Chamber to be 1895 reviewed before publication. 1896 Q.As Special Counsel, what role did you play in the 1897 issuance of guidance? 1898 A.So I was reviewing every piece of guidance that

went out. We had other folks involved. So someone

like, you know, Megan Baldwin would look at it. She
also had a fellow who was working with her, Rachel
Baker. Assistant Counsel might review certain pieces of
guidance.

Eventually after it went through certain levels of review it would come to me to make sure we were in accord with what the guidance was saying, what its purpose was and we didn't have any questions.

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And then typically, you know, for the first part of the pandemic, it would just go to me and then go out. Then as we got further into the pandemic, we started sending those guidance documents also to Melissa to a broader group of senior staff and she would approve before they went out.

## 1914 EXAMINATION BY

## 1915 MR. BENZINE:

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1916 Q.Do you know about when that switch was? 1917 A.Yeah. It was towards the end of April. 1918 was some quidance that the Department put out that was 1919 wildly misconstrued, that the EMS boards -- so emergency 1920 medical services is a board of regional appointments 1921 within the Department of Health, and they wanted to 1922 update their guidance as it related to, you know, how 1923 they were going to handle individuals who were deceased 1924 rather than transport them to the hospitals.

1925	And the New York Post ran a headline saying it
1926	was that the new guidance was that everyone should be
1927	allowed to die instead of, you know, be transported to
1928	the hospital for extraordinary life-saving measures.
1929	And at that point, Melissa wanted to see every
1930	piece of guidance that was going out.
1931	EXAMINATION BY
1932	MR. EMMER:
1933	Q.Are you aware of guidance ever being issued
1934	independently from the Department of Health that is
1935	without their knowledge or consultation prior to
1936	issuance?
1937	A.Um, you know, I don't think so. I believe that
1938	everything that came from the Department went through
1939	the Department in some form or fashion.
1940	EXAMINATION BY
1941	MR. BENZINE:
1942	Q.Who was the final check on guidances?
1943	A.If it was sort of pre that end of April date, it
1944	was probably me unless I felt someone else needed to see
1945	or be made aware of it, but after that, it was Melissa.
1946	Q.Okay.
1947	EXAMINATION BY
1948	MR. EMMER:
1949	Q.So let's pivot to the beginning of COVID and I

1950	believe you may have answered some of these questions in
1951	the previous hour, so I might make you repeat yourself.
1952	A.(Nodding.)
1953	Q.But when did you learn about COVID-19?
1954	A.You know, really, I think we got alerted I
1955	mean it probably even was November of '19. Late
1956	November. It might have been the first couple of
1957	e-mails, but we started getting sort of daily updates
1958	that really sort of picked up from December into
1959	January.
1960	EXAMINATION BY
1961	MR. BENZINE:
1962	Q.Late November?
1963	A.I believe it might have been, like, yeah.
1964	There's an issue happening overseas and you should be
1965	aware of it kind of thing. Like, not that we, in New
1966	York, had any COVID.
1967	Q.No, I know. China didn't report it until
1968	December 30th. So do you recall
1969	A.I don't recall November.
1970	Q.Okay.
1971	A.I recall
1972	Q.Okay.
1973	A.I recall
1974	Q.Late 2019?

1975	A.Late 2019.
1976	Q.Okay. Just making sure.
1977	A.Whatever point that was, sitting here four years
1978	later again. But, yeah. We started to get, something
1979	is happening in China. You should be aware.
1980	Q.Thank you. I just wanted to make sure.
1981	A.Yeah. Not a public health expert, for the
1982	record.
1983	EXAMINATION BY
1984	MR. EMMER:
1985	Q.With that in mind, when would you say you learned
1986	that elderly populations were particularly vulnerable to
1987	COVID-19?
1988	A.Um, look, I would say we followed CMS guidance
1989	that was coming out in early March that was talking
1990	about, you know, communal settings of elderly patients
1991	are particularly vulnerable.
1992	We instituted temperature checks and health
1993	screenings for staff, we shut down visitation, I said
1994	earlier, with New Rochelle containment zone.
1995	We were trying to, you know, interact with
1996	nursing homes to make sure they had information they
1997	needed to be prepared and ready.
1998	So early on.
1999	Q.At this time I would like to introduce what will

2000	be marked as Majority Exhibit 2.
2001	(Whereupon, an e-mail was marked as
2002	Majority's Exhibit 2 for identification as of this date
2003	by the Reporter.)
2004	Q.This is an e-mail from Joseph Popcun to you and
2005	other Executive Chamber officials with the subject line
2006	that reads approved DOH advisory on hospital discharges
2007	and admissions to nursing homes
2008	MR. KEHOE: Wait a second, Jack. He is
2009	talking about that page.
2010	THE WITNESS: Okay.
2011	Q.On March 25, 2020. As you notice the e-mail also
2012	attaches the actual nursing home guidance.
2013	So let's start with the March 25th guidance on
2014	this other page, on the second page.
2015	A.(Perusing).
2016	Q.Ms. Garvey, do you recognize this document?
2017	A.Yes.
2018	Q.Did you play any role in the development of this
2019	guidance?
2020	A.Yes.
2021	Q.Can you explain your role?
2022	A.Um, so I have no specific memory of this, but as
2023	I stated earlier, guidance was coming to the Executive
2024	Chamber and it was being reviewed by a number of

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2025 different staff people and ultimately coming to me for 2026 approval to go out. 2027 It did typically run through Joe Popcun, who 2028 sent this e-mail. He was deployed, you know, from 2029 Department of State to help our office. 2030 And so I would have looked at this guidance to 2031 make sure that it was consistent with executive orders, 2032 policies, every, you know, communication that the 2033 Governor was making and then approved it for 2034 distribution by whatever department had asked for the 2035 quidance. 2036 Q.What prompted this guidance to be drafted, do you 2037 know? 2038 A. You know, as I just said, I don't have any 2039 specific memory of this or the, you know, we were 2040 requiring this guidance to go out. 2041 But I do think that sitting here now, this was 2042 consistent with the need to preserve hospital capacity so we had promulgated an executive order that directed 2043 2044 hospitals to ramp up their bed capacity, having been 2045 advised by people who were experts in public health and 2046 epidemiology that we would require upwards of 100,000 2047 hospital beds. And this was a corollary to that. 2048 That a medically stable person who could be

discharged from the hospital either back into their home

where they had come from, or a person who required extra
care and couldn't go home but was medically stable,
needed to be admitted back into the nursing home.

And that solely, the potential of contact with a person with confirmed or suspected diagnosis, was not going to be a basis for the nursing home to reject the patient or demand a test, which at the time, couldn't be obtained.

## 2058 EXAMINATION BY

## 2059 MR. BENZINE:

Q.Could you be a little bit more specific about saying they couldn't discriminate against someone who was in contact with someone with a presumed COVID diagnosis? That's not what the guidance says.

A.Yeah. So we talked about a lot of things later and one of -- so again, not in the context of preparing this guidance to go out or preparation for this guidance but in conversations later on that spring, you know, we talked with the Department and one of the justifications that was given to us was that hospitals were being told that, you know, just if there was COVID even in the hospital, that nursing homes were going to say we are not taking a patient from this hospital where there are COVID patients, whether or not the individual ever even had contact with them or not.

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2075 And that that was part of the consideration 2076 that underlined this document, not to suggest that it 2077 actually says those specific words. 2078 Q. That's just an awfully large difference. I 2079 understand -- I think it would be frankly more 2080 understandable that just contact with someone --2081 A.Mm-hmm. 2082 Q.-- should not be discrimination against accepting them back. 2083 2084 A.Yeah. Q.But an actual diagnosis is different than a 2085 2086 contact. So we are going to ask a little bit more about the drafting and those spring conversations too. 2087 A. Yeah. Look, I can't claim credit for the 2088 2089 drafting of this. 2090 Q.Yeah. 2091 A.So I don't know specifically why some of these 2092 words were chosen. I don't really have any recollection 2093 of making any edits to this or asking any questions at 2094 this time, you know? Late March, it would have been in 2095 a pile of probably ten to fifteen documents. 2096 EXAMINATION BY MR. EMMER: 2097 2098 Q. This might go a little off topic, but you had mentioned in your answer previously that the concern was 2099

2100	hospital capacity.
2101	A.(Nodding.)
2102	Q.And you had brought up that it was a
2103	relayed and I don't want to mischaracterize what you
2104	said but effectively that public health experts and
2105	policy experts were concerned with bed capacity.
2106	Can you elaborate on which experts would have
2107	been consulting with the Governor on this issue?
2108	A.Um, gee. McKinsey was one. Cornell. There were
2109	some London people London I don't know School
2110	of Economics maybe. I don't remember particular names
2111	or anything else, but I know that we were given a range
2112	of numbers to expect to need and, you know, there were
2113	some that were higher than a hundred thousand, some that
2114	were a little bit lower, but every single "expert,"
2115	let's call them, suggested that New York needed well
2116	over the number of certified beds that we had at the
2117	time, which was about 50,000. And we only had staff for
2118	about I think under 40,000.
2119	So, you know, we were not even able to staff
2120	our certified bed capacity when we started the pandemic.
2121	I was not really in the loop on those
2122	conversations so, you know, a lot of this is kind of
2123	gleaned from later discussions, later documents, later
2124	awareness, but I remember there was an awful lot of

2125	consternation about the fact that there was going to be
2126	a definite need and at some point, the number 100,000
2127	was settled on as the number we needed to shoot for.
2128	Q.You were a member of the COVID Task Force; is
2129	that right?
2130	A.Mm-hmm.
2131	MR. KEHOE: You can't just yes or no.
2132	THE WITNESS: Sorry.
2133	A.Yes.
2134	Q.In December, Dr. Zucker, related to the March
2135	25th order, effectively testified that he recalls being
2136	in a meeting with members of the Task Force and the
2137	Governor when the Governor received a call from the
2138	Greater New York Hospital Association asking the
2139	Governor to do something about patients that the
2140	hospitals wanted discharged back into the nursing homes,
2141	or, I want to be fair to Dr. Zucker, but having the
2142	ability to discharge patients that were there.
2143	A.Mm-hmm.
2144	Q.Do you recall being at any meeting where the
2145	Governor received a call from the Greater New York
2146	Hospital Association?
2147	A.I don't recall that, no.
2148	Q.Okay.
2149	EXAMINATION BY

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2150	MR. BENZINE:
2151	Q.Do you recall that ever being conveyed to you?
2152	A.I recall being made aware that we needed to surge
2153	the bed capacity, that there was a need to make
2154	hospitals blow out their capacity, right? Bring in
2155	staff from wherever, put beds in the cafeteria if they
2156	needed to. That was sort of the mandate.
2157	There were there was a suspension on
2158	elective surgeries, there was all sorts of coordinated
2159	efforts made to try to get hospitals the ability to meet
2160	the need that we were anticipating we needed to meet.
2161	And you know, at this point, no one could
2162	really give us any clear guidance about, you know, what
2163	that would look like.
2164	EXAMINATION BY
2165	MR. EMMER:
2166	Q.Let's focus back on the guidance.
2167	I believe you testified that you had no role
2168	in the drafting or editing; is that right?
2169	A.No, I I said I didn't draft this.
2170	Q.Yes. That's what I meant.
2171	A.So it would have come to my desk.
2172	Q.Okay.
2173	A.I said I have no specific memory of editing.

2174

Q.Okay.

2175	A.I really can't say four years later, I don't
2176	remember this specific document in particular.
2177	What I talked about was the general policies
2178	for guidance. I made edits to dozens and dozens and
2179	dozens. I don't remember this one in particular.
2180	So I don't want to say I didn't make any
2181	changes to this. I might have. There might be a
2182	document somewhere with my handwriting on it. I just
2183	don't remember it.
2184	EXAMINATION BY
2185	MR. BENZINE:
2186	Q.Do you know who drafted it?
2187	A.It would have come from the Department of Health.
2188	And beyond that, I can't really you know, every
2189	program area was drafting guidance and different
2190	agencies were drafting guidance and sending it to us.
2191	So it came from someone at the Department.
2192	Q.Dr. Zucker testified it didn't.
2193	A.Okay.
2194	Q.He said that he was in this meeting, got the
2195	phone call from the Greater New York Hospital
2196	Association, and a few weeks later a final guidance was
2197	in his inbox and he has no idea where it came from.
2198	A.(Nodding.)
2199	Q.So we are trying to figure that out. Obviously,

2200	the guidance was in the news an awful lot after the
2201	fact.
2202	A.Yeah.
2203	Q.Did you ever ask where this came from?
2204	A.Who the specific author was? No.
2205	Q.Okay.
2206	A.And again, I do know that Dr. Zucker was
2207	incredibly taxed during this time, the demands on his
2208	time were immense as were the demands on my time. I
2209	would be very, very surprised if he was personally
2210	drafting guidance.
2211	It probably would have been program heads in
2212	his division of public health. Like, a Brad Hutton
2213	maybe who was still there or even someone, you know,
2214	further down in that public health division.
2215	EXAMINATION BY
2216	MR. EMMER:
2217	Q.At this time I would like to introduce what will
2218	be marked as Majority Exhibit 3.
2219	(Whereupon, Impeachment Investigation
2220	Report was marked as Majority Exhibit 3 for
2221	identification by Mitch Benzine.)
2222	Q.This is the impeachment investigation report to
2223	judiciary chair Charles Lavine and the New York State
2224	Assembly Judiciary Committee published on November 22,

2225	2021.
2226	A.Lavine.
2227	Q.Ms. Garvey, do you recognize this report?
2228	A.Um, yes. I'm aware that they issued this report.
2229	Q.And to be clear, I believe in the last hour you
2230	testified that you were asked to produce documents in
2231	furtherance of the committee's investigation?
2232	A.I was asked. I don't believe I provided any.
2233	Q.I want to direct your attention to page 41 of the
2234	report.
2235	A.(Witness complies.)
2236	Q.We are looking at subsection G, the second
2237	paragraph.
2238	A.(Perusing).
2239	Q.And I will read this out loud into the record
2240	when you are ready.
2241	A.Okay.
2242	Q."During testimony before the New York State
2243	Senate in August 2020, a senior Executive Chamber
2244	official who was in the room where a senior DOH official
2245	was remotely testifying wrote a message on a whiteboard
2246	suggesting that the senior DOH official did testify, in
2247	fact, that the March 25th directive was authored by DOH
2248	and that the Executive Chamber was not involved. This
2249	statement was not true and the senior DOH official did

2250	not make such a statement in the testimony."
2251	Ms. Garvey, do you know who the senior DOH
2252	official is that this excerpt is referring to?
2253	A.Yes. I believe that the senior DOH official was
2254	Dr. Zucker, who testified in an August, I think, 3rd
2255	hearing before the legislature.
2256	Q.What this excerpt is referencing, that there was
2257	an incident where senior Executive Chamber wrote a
2258	message on the whiteboard. Did you witness that occur?
2259	A.I was present in the room where he was remotely
2260	testifying at that time. There was a whiteboard. I
2261	don't have any specific memory of this.
2262	Q.Do you know who the senior Executive Chamber
2263	official referenced here was that was writing the
2264	messages on the whiteboard?
2265	A.I don't know who they are referring to here, no.
2266	Q.In transcribed interviews that we have had with
2267	other witnesses - and I want to be fair, I believe we
2268	had two witnesses - at least one testified it was
2269	Melissa DeRosa that was writing on the whiteboard.
2270	Do you have any recollection of her writing,
2271	not just this message, but other ones, while Dr. Zucker
2272	was testifying?
2273	A.Yes. Look, I also wrote things on the
2274	whiteboard, you know, where I thought I could be helpful

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2275	to Dr. Zucker to prompt his memory in testifying. There
2276	were also folks from DOH present in the room as well.
2277	Eleanor Adams, um, I'm trying to think who the acting
2278	exec dep was at that point in time, but there were other
2279	folks.
2280	There was a whiteboard there so he could sort
2281	of visualize beyond the camera if there was something
2282	relevant to be written to him.
2283	But I, again, can't corroborate that specific
2284	example.
2285	Q.Do you recall whether Ms. Lacewell would have
2286	been in the room for this testimony?
2287	A.I believe she was, yes.
2288	Q.This specific statement that the senior Executive
2289	Chamber official wrote a message on the whiteboard to
2290	effectively testify that the March 25th directive was
2291	authored by DOH and the Executive Chamber was not
2292	involved, do you believe that the senior Executive
2293	Chamber official was acting under the orders of the
2294	Governor?
2295	A.Because I don't have any recollection of this, I
2296	really can't say. That would just be, I think, pure
2297	speculation.
2298	EXAMINATION BY

2299 MR. BENZINE:

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2300 Q.Was it true that the Executive Chamber was not involved in the March 25th order? 2301 2302 A.No. I mean again, I don't have the specific 2303 memory of looking at this document, but I must have. It 2304 must have come through. And if Joe Popcun sent it out 2305 as approved, he is referring to me as the approver. 2306 There was involvement. Again, it is 2307 impossible to say at this point what that level of 2308 involvement was. By the time guidance came to me, it 2309 was usually pretty clean and if I didn't have any concerns or edits, it would just go out. 2310 2311 Q.In Dr. Zucker's interview he said something 2312 similar to what Jack just said, that what he was being 2313 told to say was not true and that he did not say it 2314 because it was not true. What's the 2315 punishment for telling someone to commit perjury in the 2316 state of New York? 2317 MR. KEHOE: That's -- can we just state the 2318 facts and suppose --2319 MR. BENZINE: She's a lawyer. 2320 MR. KEHOE: I understand she's a lawyer. 2321 THE WITNESS: I'm not that kind of lawyer. 2322 MR. KEHOE: She's not that kind of lawyer. I'm going to instruct her not to answer. 2323 2324 MR. BENZINE: All right. I'll rephrase it.

2325	Q.Is it illegal to instruct a witness to commit
2326	perjury?
2327	MR. KEHOE: Let's just all stipulate that
2328	anybody who tries to influence anybody to commit
2329	perjury, that's improper.
2330	MR. BENZINE: All right.
2331	MR. KEHOE: I'll just say that.
2332	MR. BENZINE: All right.
2333	EXAMINATION BY
2334	MR. EMMER:
2335	Q.To the best of your recollection, or actually
2336	referring back to the March 25th guidance, was the
2337	guidance intended to be interpreted as mandatory for
2338	nursing homes?
2339	A.I think the department, anytime it issues
2340	guidance, is telling a particular industry group what
2341	its perspectives are about a home's obligations.
2342	I do believe that there are a number of things
2343	not said in this particular guidance that qualify what
2344	some folks have otherwise said is a mandatory directive.
2345	You know, for instance, you know, we have no
2346	resident shall be denied readmission or admission solely
2347	based on you know, again, I think there are a number
2348	of reasons why a nursing home could have said we cannot
2349	accept this patient, not because we don't have a

2350	negative COVID test, not because of COVID, but certainly
2351	there were lack of staffing, lack of adequate space,
2352	lack of ability to care for a patient, all would have
2353	been appropriate justifications not to admit a patient
2354	that a hospital was attempting to discharge.
2355	Q.Ms. Garvey, do you recall the Governor and his
2356	administration arguing that nursing homes always had the
2357	obligation option or obligation under preexisting state
2358	law to deny patients that they could not handle?
2359	A.Correct. It is in a regulation, not a state law.
2360	Q.And that regulation is Section 415.26?
2361	A.Yes.
2362	Q.What is your understanding of what Section 415.26
2363	is?
2364	A.415.26 is a very detailed regulation that's
2365	promulgated by the Department of Health to the nursing
2366	homes. So it has a variety of mandatory requirements
2367	for nursing homes that they have to comply with.
2368	Q.And this might be a general question, but can you
2369	describe how 415.26 applied in the context of the
2370	March 25th order, or at least as far as the nursing
2371	home's responsibilities and under the March 25th order?
2372	A.So, look, nursing homes are skilled care
2373	facilities, right? They have medical staff, they have
2374	nursing staff, they have a medical director who has to

2375	be appointed in order for a nursing home to be licensed.
2376	They are regulated by the state. They are also
2377	regulated by the Federal Government.
2378	So these are, you know, again, in the realm of
2379	different entities caring for people during COVID,
2380	really sophisticated operators. I believe that nursing
2381	home administrators were aware that this guidance
2382	existed but also were always aware of their obligations
2383	under 415.26 as well as federal requirements placed on
2384	them by CMS.
2385	Q.Do you recall who would have made the
2386	determination that 415.26 superseded how, I guess, the
2387	argument that this was a mandatory directive for nursing
2388	homes to follow?
2389	MR. KEHOE: Can you just rephrase that?
2390	Q.I guess I'm curious who made the determination
2391	that 415.26 was applicable to the March 25th order, or
2392	superseded it? Sorry.
2393	MR. KEHOE: Didn't the AG say that
2394	everybody understood in the report that 415.26, that
2395	not accepting everybody in was understood by everyone
2396	in the nursing homes?
2397	MR. EMMER: But that report was issued in
2398	late January 2021. I'm just asking whether there was
2399	consideration during the time that this was issued,

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2400 whether 415.26 applied. And it might be a general yes 2401 or no. 2402 MR. KEHOE: I'm just trying to clarify. 2403 From my understanding, and correct me if 2404 I'm wrong, on the OAG's report was that they concluded 2405 that everybody in the nursing home understood that, for 2406 instance, the nursing home didn't have to take somebody 2407 in that they couldn't provide adequate care for them. 2408 That was never a question. 2409 I mean, is that where you are at? 2410 EXAMINATION BY 2411 MR. BENZINE: 2412 Q.Was 415.26 still in effect when the March 25th order was issued? 2413 2414 A.Yes. 2415 Q.Was it ever superseded by another executive 2416 order? 2417 A.It was superseded to the extent -- my 2418 understanding, again, it was superseded only to the 2419 extent that paperwork requirements and discharge 2420 planning was suspended for a period of time during the 2421 pandemic. 2422 Q.But the ability to isolate, cohort or otherwise 2423 care for patients was not suspended?

A.Correct. And again, based on guidance, that

2425	protection protocol was still in effect. There were
2426	other I believe, other documents issued by CMS to
2427	that effect.
2428	EXAMINATION BY
2429	MR. EMMER:
2430	Q.Do you recall the Governor and his administration
2431	arguing that the order was consistent with CMS and CDC
2432	guidance; is that right?
2433	A.Yes.
2434	Q.Do you know if anyone from the Executive Chamber,
2435	Task Force or Health Department consulted with CMS or
2436	CDC prior to the issuance of the orders?
2437	A.I don't know specifically, no.
2438	Q.And for the record, you yourself, you didn't
2439	consult CDC or CMS regarding the order?
2440	A.Correct.
2441	Q.Do you recall after it was issued whether anyone
2442	from the administration, including Department of Health,
2443	contacted anyone from CMS, CDC regarding whether it was
2444	consistent?
2445	A.I don't know, but I would just say I would think
2446	that would be Department of Health, in any event, and
2447	they were in regular contact. You know, Department of
2448	Health continued to do surveys of nursing homes, which
2449	are surveys that the Department conducts on behalf of

2450	CMS. So there was regular contact between CMS and DOH
2451	throughout the pandemic.
2452	And you know, I would also think that if there
2453	was a disagreement, that that would have been raised.
2454	And I'm not aware that anyone ever raised any
2455	disagreement with that either.
2456	Q.Do you know who would have made the determination
2457	that the March 25th order was consistent with CMS and
2458	CDC within the administration?
2459	A.I believe it was Department of Health, but again,
2460	I'm not certain of a specific person.
2461	Q.So for the record, when you testified earlier
2462	that you had signed off on guidance that was being
2463	issued
2464	A.Mm-hmm.
2465	Q would the question such as the CMS or CDC,
2466	would that be something that you would be looking at or
2467	are you saying that the DOH would do that on the front
2468	end considering guidance?
2469	A.I would rely on the subject matter experts to
2470	ensure the consistency with their particular regulatory
2471	framework. It was not typically my function to go
2472	behind, you know, whatever work had been put into this
2473	and try to, you know, recreate the wheel, so to speak.
2474	Q.Okay. At this time I would like to introduce

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2475	what will be marked as Majority's Exhibit 4.
2476	(Whereupon, an e-mail thread was marked as
2477	Majority Exhibit 4 by Mitch Benzine.)
2478	MR. EMMER: (Handing).
2479	MR. KEHOE: Thank you.
2480	Q.This is an e-mail thread certified by Ms. DeRosa
2481	to yourself as well as senior Executive Chamber and
2482	Health Department staff on May 17, 2020. The subject
2483	reads, "Rich, Peter, please give us a read and send back
2484	any edits you have and we shall post in the New York
2485	Post from Dr. Zucker tomorrow."
2486	MR. KEHOE: I'm sorry, Jack, where are you
2487	reading?
2488	MR. BENZINE: The bottom of 2189.
2489	MR. KEHOE: Okay. Got it.
2490	Q.I'll give you a moment to look it over.
2491	A.(Perusing).
2492	MR. KEHOE: I'm sorry. Are you looking
2493	here? (Pointing).
2494	MR. BENZINE: The first e-mail is 2189
2495	flowing on 2190.
2496	MR. KEHOE: Okay. I was just trying to see
2497	what Jack was just reading.
2498	Jack, are we supposed to be able to see

2499 what is underneath the block? Is that redacted or --

2500	MR. BENZINE: It's not redacted. I think
2501	it was highlighted and it reduced.
2502	MR. KEHOE: All right. I just can't see
2503	it.
2504	MR. BENZINE: Yeah.
2505	Q.Ms. Garvey, do you recall this e-mail thread?
2506	A.I do not.
2507	Q.Do you recall at any point during the pandemic
2508	whether Executive Chamber employees were involved in
2509	drafting public statements for Dr. Zucker?
2510	A.Yes, definitely. You know, I again, I don't
2511	recall this specifically, but it is not surprising that
2512	we would weigh in on something of this importance.
2513	Q.So I want to direct your attention to the fourth
2514	paragraph of the op-ed on the second to last page.
2515	A.(Witness complies.)
2516	I am a Doctor? Is that the one?
2517	Q.Yes. I'll read this into the record too, but we
2518	are starting on the third sentence, our Department.
2519	It states, "Our Department followed President
2520	Trump's CDC guidance in saying nursing homes cannot
2521	discriminate against COVID patients. The CDC issued
2522	that guidance at a time when the primary care was at
2523	hospital capacity and would be overwhelmed and was
2524	premised on having hospital beds for Urgent Care.

2525	"We, along with states across the country,
2526	agree with President Trump's CDC because the operational
2527	mandate has always been that a nursing home can only
2528	accept or retain a patient if it can adequately and
2529	effectively care for that patient."
2530	Ms. Garvey, the reference to the CDC, do you
2531	know whether that was correct as far as the argument
2532	that Ms. DeRosa was arguing for?
2533	A.Yes, I believe it was correct.
2534	Q.Later on in the e-mails or the subsequent drafts
2535	it's changed to CMS and I believe she asked for
2536	clarification on why it was changed to CMS.
2537	I guess this is a long-winded way of asking,
2538	do you believe that Ms. DeRosa was aware of the CMS CDC
2539	guidance prior to the issuance of the order?
2540	A.By order you mean the March 25th
2541	Q.March 25th order. Thank you.
2542	A.Um, it's really impossible to say.
2543	Q.Okay.
2544	A.I really couldn't speculate.
2545	Q.Do you think that there was anyone within the
2546	Executive Chamber that had reviewed CMS or CDC guidance
2547	applicable to the March 25th order prior to its
2548	issuance?
2549	A.Yes. I believe that the folks who were

2550	responsible for that program area, the Assistant
2551	Counsel, Assistant Secretary, they were tracking and
2552	monitoring CMS and CDC guidance as well as with the
2553	Department. And I believe the Department would have
2554	flagged for them if that guidance had been released.
2555	Q.Do you have specific names of people who were
2556	within those roles?
2557	A.Um, Megan Baldwin, the Assistant Counsel was Axel
2558	Bernabe. Also, Alison Birzon. Also, Rachel Baker was
2559	assisting Megan.
2560	But again, I should also probably clarify, I
2561	don't have specific knowledge that they did, but those
2562	were those people that were in those positions that I
2563	assume would have.
2564	Q.Thank you.
2565	I would now like to introduce what will be
2566	marked as Majority's Exhibit 5.
2567	MR. EMMER: (Handing).
2568	(Whereupon, a document was marked as
2569	Majority Exhibit 5 by Mitch Benzine.)
2570	MR. KEHOE: Thank you.
2571	Q.And while this document is significantly
2572	redacted, I'll give you a moment to look it over.
2573	This is an e-mail thread between Executive
2574	Chamber and Health Department officials including

2575	yourself, Secretary DeRosa, Dr. Malatras, Ms. Lacewell,
2576	and Dr. Zucker starting on June 22nd attaching an
2577	article where Administrator Verma, Cuomo contradicted
2578	federal nursing home guidance.
2579	A.(Perusing).
2580	MR. KEHOE: Ready to go?
2581	THE WITNESS: Yep.
2582	Q.Do you recall this e-mail thread?
2583	A.I do not.
2584	EXAMINATION BY
2585	MR. BENZINE:
2586	Q.Do you recall Administrator Verma saying that the
2587	March 25th directive violated federal guidance?
2588	A.I mean, I have a vague recollection that there
2589	were some sharply worded statements back and forth
2590	between our Administration and the Federal Government at
2591	this point in time, but I don't recall specifically
2592	anymore, no.
2593	Q.Probably the same answer, but do you recall how
2594	the Cuomo Administration responded to Administrator
2595	Verma's comments?
2596	A.I don't, but again, I think, you know, a nursing
2597	home is accountable to DOH and also CMS and, you know,
2598	our emergency authority under the executive law doesn't
2599	give us the ability to override federal law or federal

2600	regulations. And so nursing homes always had to comply
2601	with CMS guidance.
2602	I think there is a nuance here, which is that,
2603	you know, nothing in the March 25th order suggested that
2604	a nursing home should disregard transmission-based
2605	precautions, which seems to be what Verma is saying
2606	here. That's not in the March 25th order.
2607	So, you know, again, I think even the Attorney
2608	General, when she issued her report, acknowledged that
2609	there were other requirements that nursing homes had to
2610	follow and that they understood those obligations.
2611	EXAMINATION BY
2612	MR. EMMER:
2613	Q.Do you recall any nursing homes reaching out for
2614	clarification on how to interpret the order?
2615	A.I don't remember receiving any, you know,
2616	questions or concerns about the March 25th guidance. I
2617	became aware later that an organization had, you know,
2618	mailed a letter to us expressing concerns. That was
2619	published in the newspaper, but I became aware of that
2620	letter when it was published in the newspaper.
2621	EXAMINATION BY
2622	MR. BENZINE:
2623	Q.What organization was that?
2624	A.It was, like, the I don't know. It was some

2625	national association of assisted living or something of
2626	that nature.
2627	MR. KEHOE: Do you want the name of the
2628	organization?
2629	MR. BEHLMAN: I think one of them is AMDA.
2630	MR. KEHOE: Right.
2631	Q.At this time I would like to introduce what will
2632	be marked as Majority's Exhibit 6.
2633	MR. EMMER: (Handing).
2634	MR. KEHOE: Thanks. (Handing).
2635	THE WITNESS: Thank you. (Handing).
2636	MR. BEHLMAN: Thanks.
2637	(Whereupon, the Guidance was marked as
2638	Majority's Exhibit 6 by Mitch Benzine.)
2639	Q. This is the guidance issued by the New York State
2640	Health Department on April 7, 2020, entitled "adult care
2641	facility administrators hospital discharge planners."
2642	Excuse me. It's issued to adult care facility
2643	administrator hospital discharge planners, but it is
2644	advisory hospital discharges and admissions to ACF.
2645	Ms. Garvey, do you recognize this document?
2646	A.Yes.
2647	Q.Can you explain your role in the issuance of this
2648	guidance?
2649	A.So similar to the March 25th guidance, this would

2650	have been drafted by the department, come to the
2651	Chamber, been reviewed by other staff before making its
2652	way to my desk for review for, you know, consistency
2653	purposes and then being distributed back to Department
2654	for publication.
2655	Q.Prior to your review, do you have any knowledge
2656	of who drafted this guidance?
2657	A.I assume, you know, program staff at Department
2658	of Health drafted it, but I don't know specifically.
2659	EXAMINATION BY
2660	MR. BENZINE:
2661	Q.Would it be different programs for nursing homes
2662	versus adult care facilities?
2663	A.Um, it probably would have all fallen under
2664	office of long-term care.
2665	Q.Just to point out in this document versus the
2666	March directive, this one actually advises adult care
2667	facilities on denial of admissions must be based on
2668	inability to provide the level of care required by the
2669	prospective resident
2670	A.(Nodding.)
2671	Q pursuant to the hospital's discharge
2672	instructions.
2673	That was not in the March 25th order?
2674	A.Yes.

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Q.And I don't believe the March 25th order had been 2675 2676 amended at this point. And you said part of your job was consistency 2677 2678 across the orders. When this came back to your desk would you have gone back to the March 25th order and 2679 2680 seen the inconsistency? 2681 A.Um, I might have. I did occasionally say we just 2682 said this for this group, but I will just point out an adult care facility doesn't have medical staff. So it 2683 2684 is a different level of care. You know, we might have 2685 folks there who are administering medications who might 2686 be able to attend to, you know, sort of minor needs. 2687 But I think that the reason for this 2688 distinction appears because they would not have 2689 generally been able to follow that transmission-based 2690 precautions procedures. That would have been highly 2691 unusual for the ACF to do. 2692 Q.And then before Jack asks more questions, I have 2693 one more. 2694 It has been consistent across everyone that we 2695 have interviewed that the prohibition on testing prior 2696 to admission or readmission was just a lack of tests. 2697 A.Yes. 2698 Q.But the ability to isolate and cohort and 2699 properly care for, you would have to have knowledge of

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2700 the patient's status. And without testing them, you don't know how to cohort them. 2701 2702 A.Yeah. 2703 Q.Would the assumption just be that at this point 2704 in time they should have cohorted everybody? 2705 A. You would have assumed that any new admission was 2706 a potential source of transmission. And I believe that 2707 that was consistent with the CMS guidance issued at the 2708 beginning of the pandemic that said any new admission 2709 should be isolated and treated potentially as a source. 2710 Q.Okay. 2711 EXAMINATION BY 2712 MR. EMMER: 2713 Q.Ms. Garvey, do you recall how long the March 25th 2714 order was in effect? 2715 A.I don't believe that the March 25th order was 2716 ever repealed. Um, it was I think functionally mooted 2717 out by later requirements once testing capacity existed 2718 that hospital discharges were prevented prior to receipt of a negative test. 2719 EXAMINATION BY 2720 2721 MR. BENZINE: 2722 Q.We have the EO that amended the order to require 2723 the test.

2724

A.Yeah.

2725	Q.What prompted the change?
2726	A.Um, I believe that a number of questions had been
2727	raised publicly about the March 25th order and whether
2728	or not it was still, in fact, necessary.
2729	At this point in time, I believe April 17th
2730	was the sort of peak date of hospital capacity need.
2731	And we were starting to see some positive trends, so to
2732	speak, in terms of positivity rates and hospitalization
2733	rates that we may be at the peak of our first wave. And
2734	we were short of where we thought we were going to be
2735	with needing 100,000 hospital beds.
2736	So a number of circumstances had changed by
2737	that point in time, right? We were starting to see
2738	better treatment protocols, we were starting to see
2739	testing capacity ramp up, we were starting to see a lot
2740	of these things that allowed us to say we can pivot here
2741	and make sure that we don't have to send anyone who is a
2742	positive patient who is medically stable back to a
2743	nursing home.
2744	EXAMINATION BY
2745	MR. EMMER:
2746	Q.At this time, I would like to introduce what will
2747	be marked as Majority's Exhibit 7.
2748	(Whereupon, an e-mail was marked as
2749	Majority's Exhibit 7 by Mitch Benzine.)

2750	MR. EMMER: (Handing).
2751	MR. KEHOE: Thank you, buddy. (Handing).
2752	THE WITNESS: Thanks. (Handing).
2753	A.(Perusing).
2754	Q.This is an e-mail that you are CCed on.
2755	A.Mm-hmm.
2756	Q.From Peter Ajemian to Megan Baldwin asking if we,
2757	presuming that is referring to the Executive Chamber,
2758	told DOH to remove the order from the website.
2759	First, do you remember this e-mail thread?
2760	A.Um, I mean, this refreshes my recollection of it,
2761	yes.
2762	Q.Do you know who instructed the Department of
2763	Health to remove the March 25th order from the website?
2764	A.I don't know.
2765	EXAMINATION BY
2766	MR. BENZINE:
2767	Q.Would that have been common?
2768	A.I think we were always trying to make sure
2769	accurate information was out in the public, so if, you
2770	know, this is true for any agency, if we found something
2771	that we didn't think was accurate or current, you know,
2772	we would absolutely flag it and say that should probably
2773	be taken down.
2774	Um, you know, again, I think the idea that the

2775	March 25th order was sort of functionally superseded,
2776	but not literally superseded, I think could have created
2777	confusion in the general public. And I think, you know,
2778	it was reasonable to take it down.
2779	EXAMINATION BY
2780	MR. EMMER:
2781	Q.At this time I would like to introduce what will
2782	be marked as Majority's Exhibit 8.
2783	MR. EMMER: (Handing).
2784	(Whereupon, an e-mail thread was marked as
2785	Majority Exhibit 8 by Mitch Benzine.)
2786	MR. KEHOE: Did you say 8, Jack?
2787	MR. EMMER: 8. (Handing).
2788	Q.This is an e-mail thread between Department of
2789	Health staffers that you are not part of, but I just
2790	want to direct your attention to the second e-mail in
2791	response to the question of whether the guidance was
2792	taken off the website.
2793	There is a response that says on "April 29th
2794	there was instruction that this needed to be pulled
2795	down."
2796	In the prior question, you talked about the
2797	May 11th superseding order. Is it your testimony today
2798	that you weren't aware of the guidance being taken off
2799	the website prior to the May 11th superseding order?

2800	A.I mean, I really can't say now at what point I
2801	became aware that it was pulled down. So whether I was
2802	sort of alerted by that e-mail thread of, you know,
2803	May 27th or whether it was, you know, earlier, I I
2804	can't say.
2805	Q.Okay.
2806	A.Um, sorry.
2807	Q.I just want to direct your attention to the first
2808	e-mail here, and if you are not able to answer, that's
2809	fine.
2810	But it says in response to why they were
2811	instructed to take it down it says "yes, because it was
2812	inconsistent and we were directed by the Chamber to pull
2813	it."
2814	Do you know why it would have been determined
2815	as inconsistent?
2816	A.You know, look, guidance is always supplemental
2817	and to the extent it's no longer serving a helpful
2818	purpose to guide someone in how best to comply, the
2819	Department probably shouldn't have it out anymore.
2820	And really, the point that we had reached in
2821	the pandemic, you know, we didn't have that overriding
2822	need for bed capacity in the hospitals. We didn't have
2823	this, you know, doing a mass discharge of everyone who
2824	is medically stable and here's a bunch of patients

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patients,

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2826	There was an element in the March 25th order
2827	that was about being able to promptly receive patients
2828	right? That, you know the discharge planner from
2829	the hospital could do it with a phone call instead of

2830 paperwork and, you know, medical exams and discharge

2831 planning processes.

coming at you.

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So you know, that moment was really passed after we reached the peak of our hospitalizations towards the, you know, mid-April.

Q.I guess my concern is the announcement that the order was being superseded, the executive order, that wasn't until May 10th or May 11th --

A.Mm-hmm. 2838

2839 O.-- that it was taken down.

> Prior to that, was the administration discussing during that period whether it was needed or applicable?

A.Um, there were conversations ongoing from the second this was really raised in that press conference at the end of April. But there was a Dear Administrator letter that I think went out in advance of the executive order change that I think also reinforced and alerted nursing home administrators of the Department's position that this was never intended to have them compromise the

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2850	safe and adequate care of their residents.
2851	EXAMINATION BY
2852	MR. BENZINE:
2853	Q.Were you ever involved in any discussions where
2854	political ramifications were brought up?
2855	A.Um, political ramifications of what, March 25th?
2856	Q.So, you know, I think Governor Cuomo even said
2857	the March 25th order is still in effect even when EO
2858	superseded it
2859	A.Mm-hmm.
2860	Q or amended it or however it was. So it was
2861	still an order in effect that the Health Department took
2862	off its website, so that is concerning in and of itself.
2863	Were there ever any discussions about the
2864	public relations or political backlash on the March 25th
2865	order?
2866	A. There were definitely conversations about press
2867	coverage, definitely conversations about, um, you know,
2868	other critical commentary from other elected officials.
2869	So in that sense, certainly. There were conversations
2870	about the ramifications of March 25th.
2871	I think overall the concern was in making sure
2872	that the nursing home administrators, though, had access
2873	to adequate resources, adequate information, and that we

were not somehow misleading any person into jeopardizing

2875	anyone's health or safety.
2876	Q.Were you a part of any conversations where any
2877	decisions surrounding the amendment of the order were
2878	based off of any public pressure or political
2879	considerations?
2880	A.I think it is very fair to say that the press
2881	inquiries drove this as a concern because they captured
2882	comments from administrators and, you know, different
2883	operators that did not reflect what we had been told by,
2884	you know, what the Department was actually hearing.
2885	So you know, when you say this sort of drove
2886	the response, it was the idea that a nursing home
2887	administrator was saying I was forced to jeopardize a
2888	person's safety that caused an awful lot of concern that
2889	we needed to address that so that patients weren't being
2890	put in harm's way.
2891	Absolutely. We took that sort of allegation
2892	incredibly seriously.
2893	Q.All right. Thank you.
2894	MR. EMMER: We are over our hour so we'll
2895	go off the record.
2896	(Whereupon, an off-the-record discussion
2897	was held.)
2898	MS. : All right. We can go back on
2899	the record.

2900 EXAMINATION BY

2901	MS.:
2902	Q.I'm going to pick up with the CMS order that you
2903	all were discussing. I think we had a lot of
2904	conversation about a potential CMS order but didn't
2905	actually look at it.
2906	So I think it would help to actually talk
2907	about what was going on at the time of the March 25th
2908	order and what guidance was being looked at.
2909	In general, and I think you covered this a little
2910	bit so this might be a little bit of repetition, but how
2911	does Federal guidance such as from CMS or CDC, how does
2912	that inform state level policymaking in general?
2913	A.So CDC is, you know, I think viewed more as an
2914	expert resource, right, rather than sort of regulatory
2915	obligation on any particular entity, right?
2916	So I viewed CDC as the north star on things of
2917	public health. You know, when they were talking about
2918	things like how COVID could be transmitted, that was our
2919	understanding of the best science available as to what
2920	was happening. CMS has a regulatory role and they were,
2921	I think, always looked at as the baseline.
2922	And then we would look for, do we need to be
2923	more protective, right, than what CMS is requiring? So
2924	if CMS said we are going to exercise caution with

visitation, you know, we had gone so far as to say no visits, right?

And there were points in time during the pandemic when I think we were intentionally more restrictive than certain CMS guidance until CMS said no, this is the guidance as far as visitation and that certain visitation must be permitted. So there's, you know, a variety of those sources.

And we were also looking at what other countries were doing, what WHO was doing and what other states were doing. And we were collaborating with particularly our other northeast governors, including Governor Baker, Governor Lamont and Governor Murphy to sort of make sure we were all making coordinated decisions, you know, not so much on the individual public health side, because we were dealing with a very different outbreak from everyone else, a little bit ahead of these other states, but certainly as it related to restrictions on businesses and other activities that were happening, like the mass gathering guidance that was also coming out at that time.

Q.And that's not specific to COVID-19, correct, that New York State would as a general matter of practice look into any federal guidance on issues?

2949 A.Correct.

2950	Q.On March 24th the Trump administration's CMS
2951	issued nonbinding guidance regarding infection control
2952	and prevention of COVID-19 for nursing homes.
2953	I'm going to enter this as Minority Exhibit E.
2954	MS. (Handing).
2955	THE REPORTER: Thank you.
2956	(Whereupon, a document was marked as
2957	Minority's Exhibit E for identification as of this date
2958	by the Reporter.)
2959	Q.I see you are taking a moment to review it, but I
2960	just want to draw your attention to page 3 of the
2961	guidance under the second bold heading.
2962	A.(Witness complies.)
2963	Q.Okay. I'm going to read what it says there.
2964	"A nursing home can accept a patient diagnosed
2965	with COVID-19 and still under transmission-based
2966	precautions for COVID-19 as long as it can follow CDC
2967	guidance for transmission-based precautions. If a
2968	nursing home cannot, it must wait until these
2969	precautions are discontinued."
2970	Do you agree that this federal guidance from
2971	CMS does not bar the readmission of COVID-19 patients to
2972	nursing homes?
2973	A.Hold on. There was a double negative there.
2974	Q.It does not bar readmission?

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2975	A.Correct.
2976	Q.And is this the type of guidance that New York
2977	would have been looking at when drafting their own
2978	guidance?
2979	A.Yes.
2980	Q.And on the flip side, do you agree that this
2981	federal guidance establishes a premise that COVID-19
2982	positive hospital patients could be readmitted to
2983	nursing homes under certain circumstances?
2984	A.Yes.
2985	Q.And again, that guidance would have informed the
2986	guidance that New York State was developing?
2987	A.Correct.
2988	Q.Thank you.
2989	Speaking of the Federal Government, and it has
2990	come up before, but I would like to get your perspective
2991	on what the working relationship between the Federal
2992	Government and the New York State government was during
2993	the COVID-19 pandemic and what we can potentially learn
2994	from that for future public health crises.
2995	Based on your experience, what role does the
2996	Federal Government play in working with and coordinating
2997	with state governments during a crisis?
2998	A.So in my experience, you know, Federal Government

has always had a really important role to play in terms

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3000 of bringing to bear, you know, not only their ability to 3001 ramp up production for things, through, like the Defense 3002 Production Act, but also different resources. 3003 I mean, we were so thrilled when we had the 3004 opportunity to get the U.S. Navy ship Comfort to come to 3005 New York because, you know, we were at that point in 3006 time, at critical capacity levels for a lot of the 3007 downstate hospitals. 3008 Um, we also, you know, coordinate with the 3009 Federal Government through FEMA for funding for any number of disaster and emergency efforts. 3010 3011 So I have always felt that there is no I in 3012 team when it comes to these things, that it is a 3013 multilayered response. It's the states that need to 3014 coordinate for their local governments and we took that 3015 primary role in New York, but we also need the support 3016 and coordination of the Federal Government to keep all 3017 of the states rowing in the same direction. 3018 Q.As you mentioned earlier, the COVID-19 crisis and 3019 outbreaks hit New York a little earlier than many other 3020 states in the country. 3021 A. (Nodding.) 3022 Q.Did the Federal Government have difficulty 3023 fulfilling its responsibilities to partner in the early

days of the COVID-19 pandemic?

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3025 A.Yes. I do think there were difficulties. 3026 I think one of the things that I recall being 3027 a particular issue was the production of PPE because, 3028 you know, the world sources so much of this from China 3029 and China was essentially in full shutdown pursuing 3030 their zero COVID policy. 3031 So, you know, our hospitals were left, you 3032 know, scrambling. Nursing homes were left scrambling. 3033 You know, people had no way to get even things like hand 3034 sanitizer. But, you know, I will say, like, the FDA was 3035 3036 incredibly responsive. I mean, we would e-mail 3037 someone -- we decided to make our own hand sanitizer and 3038 we needed FDA approval for the recipe and labeling and a 3039 private manufacturer had shared the recipe with us that 3040 was FDA approved, and so we knew it was -- would be 3041 fine, but you know, we had one staff person who said, 3042 well, it's Sunday so we are not going to get anyone from 3043 the FDA. 3044 And it was like 9:00 p.m. on a Sunday night 3045 and we said, that's ridiculous. We are working 24/7. 3046 They are working 24/7. We sent an e-mail and we had a 3047 response within, like, 10 minutes. We had a conference 3048 call with someone. We had approval of the label later

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that night.

3050	I mean, it was they were incredible. We
3051	were sourcing ventilators from Korea. You know, we were
3052	getting things from all over the world and, you know,
3053	able to give them a model number and they would say,
3054	yes, we can give you an emergency use authorization for
3055	that.
3056	And it was that spirit of partnership and
3057	collaboration in a really difficult time was really
3058	something that we valued.
3059	Q.You mentioned inadequate source of PPE. Did that
3060	lead to states competing with each other to obtain PPE?
3061	A.Definitely. Definitely. I mean, you saw prices
3062	sort of wildly swing from, you know, what should be a
3063	dollar to \$3 to \$6. But even more than states competing
3064	against each other, hospital systems.
3065	So you know, you had public hospitals
3066	competing against better resourced private hospitals and
3067	that was a really, really challenging thing too.
3068	Q.Did having that lack of coordination and lack of
3069	supply, did that impact nursing homes in other
3070	congregate care facilities as well?
3071	A.Absolutely. They were, um, you know, I think
3072	overall at the back of the pecking order. You know, if
3073	you have 5,000 masks to sell and you have someone who
3074	says well, I only need 500 for my nursing home and the

3075	hospital is saying I'll take all 5,000, right, you are
3076	selling to the hospital. So I think they, you know, did
3077	leverage some association purchasing. We
3078	definitely, with assistance from FEMA through our
3079	state's stockpile, tried to make as much available as we
3080	could, but there were definitely some days of shortage.
3081	And CDC issued guidance about washing of N95 respirators
3082	and reusing them.
3083	And I know it was a great point of
3084	consternation of a lot of staff that they had to go
3085	through a lot of those shortages. Particularly gowns
3086	and gloves and things that should have been changed
3087	multiple times throughout their shift, and instead, they
3088	were being told, nope, we have got to conserve.
3089	Q.And PPE would be considered a first line
3090	infection control mitigation measure, correct?
3091	A.Yes, that's my understanding.
3092	Q.Yeah.
3093	During a Select Subcommittee hearing last May
3094	we heard from Dr. David Grabowski, who is a professor of
3095	health care policy at Harvard Medical School, and he
3096	said community spread was a driving force of spread, not
3097	just in New York but across the country.
3098	Is that consistent with your understanding?
3099	A.Yes. That's what the, you know, Department of

3100	Health study showed, was that the infection rate was
3101	higher in areas where there was higher community spread.
3102	Q.And PPE would have been a primary tool to prevent
3103	that spread, right?
3104	A.To the extent that it was the correct kind of PPE
3105	and not subject to those other conservation measures,
3106	absolutely.
3107	Q.So would you say that the lack of a federal
3108	coordinated response to aiding the states, particularly
3109	in things like PPE, put vulnerable residents of these
3110	facilities and others at an increased risk?
3111	A.Look, I think it would have been ideal if we had
3112	a one-year head start on COVID. I don't think anyone
3113	had that. I really do think there were challenges that
3114	the Federal Government needed to address, and probably
3115	in hindsight could have been addressed better.
3116	But I think there were things that New York with
3117	hindsight could have addressed better too.
3118	My overriding concern with looking at this is
3119	just that, you know, we understand that everyone was
3120	dealing with really impossible situations and I don't
3121	know, you know, even if we had 200 million masks, you
3122	know, should those have gone to places that didn't quite
3123	have as much COVID yet or should they all go to the
3124	places that did have it and leave the other states

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3125	saying what about us, right? We are defenseless here.
3126	I mean, there are challenges. And when you
3127	are in those spots of making public health decisions
3128	that can really mean life and death for people, it's
3129	incredibly difficult to weigh those competing interests.
3130	Q.Lastly, under President Biden, when he came into
3131	office in January of 2021, he initiated a national
3132	vaccination campaign.
3133	Are you aware of that?
3134	A.Yes.
3135	Q.And New York obviously had great interest in
3136	getting its population vaccinated, correct?
3137	A.Yes.
3138	Q.Did vaccines reduce the threat COVID-19 posed to
3139	nursing home residents and staff?
3140	A.Yes. I do think that they certainly assisted,
3141	but again, you know, looking back on it, I think we did
3142	rush to say that the vaccine was preventive for any
3143	transmission. That turned out to be not as promising as
3144	we thought it was at the early side.
3145	And I think, you know, that data that we had,
3146	those first studies that seemed to show that you could
3147	not transmit, you know, did, in some cases, lead to
3148	transmission continuing.

So you know, I think we don't -- we don't

3150	always know everything at the moment we are making these
3151	decisions and we are going on the best guidance. But I
3152	think, you know, overall, it certainly helped to
3153	diminish the spread in facilities.
3154	Q.And in early 2021 when the vaccine first became
3155	widely available, there was a focus on getting the
3156	elderly and those who worked in congregate care
3157	facilities vaccinated first?
3158	A.Yes.
3159	Q.And New York participated in that and also
3160	encouraged those communities?
3161	A.Absolutely.
3162	Q.And that was to mitigate infection spread within
3163	those facilities?
3164	A.Yes.
3165	Q.Thank you.
3166	MS. We can go off the record.
3167	(Whereupon, an off-the-record discussion
3168	was held.)
3169	MR. EMMER: We are back on the record.
3170	EXAMINATION BY
3171	MR. EMMER:
3172	Q.At this time I would like to introduce what will
3173	be marked as Majority's Exhibit 9.
3174	MR. EMMER: (Handing).

3175	(Whereupon, an e-mail thread was marked as
3176	Majority Exhibit 9 by Mitch Benzine.)
3177	MR. EMMER: (Handing).
3178	MR. KEHOE: (Handing).
3179	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
3180	Q.I'll give you a moment to look this over, but
3181	this is an e-mail thread that you are not on started by
3182	Ms. Stephanie Benton with Dr. Jim Malatras, Gareth
3183	Rhodes, Melissa DeRosa and Dr. Zucker on June 7th of
3184	2020.
3185	A.(Perusing).
3186	MR. KEHOE: What is Malatras a doctor of?
3187	THE WITNESS: Political science. He has a
3188	PhD. He is a doctor of philosophy.
3189	MR. KEHOE: All set?
3190	THE WITNESS: Yep.
3191	Q.And we are looking specifically at that e-mail
3192	from Stephanie Benton and I'll read it into the record.
3193	"This is going to be the great debacle in the
3194	history books. The longer it lasts, the harder to
3195	correct. We have a better argument than we have made.
3196	Get a report on the facts because its legacy will
3197	overwhelm any positive accomplishment. Also, how many
3198	COVID people were returned to nursing homes in that
3199	period? How many nursing homes? Don't you see how bad

3200	this is? Or do we admit error and give up?"
3201	First, who is Ms. Benton?
3202	A.She was Director of Chamber Operations, I
3203	believe.
3204	Q.And I know you are not on this e-mail, but when
3205	it says the longer it lasts the harder to correct, we
3206	have a better argument than we made, by better argument
3207	is it your impression that she is referring to the
3208	administration's attempts to argue that the March 25th
3209	order was necessary or lawful?
3210	MR. KEHOE: That's speculation. How would
3211	she know that?
3212	EXAMINATION BY
3213	MR. BENZINE:
3214	Q.Did anyone on this e-mail chain ever inform you
3215	of Ms. Benton's e-mail?
3216	A.No.
3217	EXAMINATION BY
3218	MR. EMMER:
3219	Q.We have had numerous witnesses testify that they
3220	believed this e-mail was from Governor Cuomo himself.
3221	Do you recall it being customary of the Governor to
3222	write e-mails from Stephanie Benton's account?
3223	A.No. I do know that sometimes because the
3224	Governor would use pins, he would send a pin to

3225	Stephanie, that she would then put into an e-mail
3226	herself.
3227	So in other words, I think she was functioning
3228	as more of a forward here than, you know, him going to
3229	her computer and acting as if he was her.
3230	EXAMINATION BY
3231	MR. BENZINE:
3232	Q.And first, what's a pin?
3233	A.A pin is a secure message that's sent to a
3234	BlackBerry from BlackBerry to BlackBerry that is not an
3235	e-mail that is hosted on a server.
3236	Q.Governor Cuomo didn't have his own computer is
3237	our understanding.
3238	A.Um
3239	Q.Did he have a BlackBerry?
3240	A.He did have a BlackBerry. He did have a
3241	BlackBerry. I don't I know that there was a computer
3242	in the Executive Mansion. I believe it was OGS. Um,
3243	you know, that ran the Executive Mansion where staff
3244	could print things for him.
3245	So again, you couldn't e-mail him. He didn't
3246	have an e-mail. You know, he was not like some ghost
3247	operating Stephanie's e-mail. But if you needed to get
3248	him something, you could print it you could e-mail it
3249	to someone working at the mansion and they would print

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3250 it and give it to him. 3251 Q.And we haven't necessarily heard from other witnesses that it was like him sitting at Ms. Benton's 3252 3253 computer typing an e-mail. 3254 A.Okay. That was the impression I had from the 3255 question. 3256 Q. The impression that they had was that the e-mail 3257 came from the Governor, or the words came from the 3258 Governor. So either via the system you just said where 3259 he sent a BlackBerry pin to her or dictating, I don't -- no one really knows. 3260 3261 A.Mm-hmm. 3262 Q.Was the using of the BlackBerry pin common? Did 3263 the Governor send them to you? 3264 A. Yeah. Yes. When I had a BlackBerry, I would 3265 sometimes get pins from him. 3266 You know, again, he is not a prolific writer 3267 so it was often, like, please call, kind of thing. 3268 Q.Anything to your recollection regarding nursing 3269 homes? A.I'm sure throughout, you know, the course of the 3270 pandemic, there may have been. Um, you know, but again, 3271 3272 it also was probably likely something like a news clip 3273 because a press staffer would also have them and they would sometimes pin clips that would go to different 3274

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3275 senior staff. 3276 So, like, I don't really recall any commentary 3277 about things. 3278 Q. This is just me not knowing how a BlackBerry 3279 works. 3280 A.Yes. 3281 Q.So I apologize. 3282 MR. KEHOE: I love BlackBerries. They were 3283 great. I hated when they went out of business. 3284 Q.Is it like a group chat situation or is it like an instant message? How would you describe the pin? 3285 3286 A.Um, it came through a separate app. I am not very technologically minded. 3287 O.It's fine. 3288 3289 A.So, you know, it would -- you know, I guess it is 3290 equivalent to on your phone, you get an e-mail and, 3291 like, the mailbox gives you the little icon that you 3292 have an e-mail. Or you get a text message and the 3293 message app lights up that you got an e-mail. 3294 There was, like, a mail message that was just 3295 a regular e-mail. That was my chamber e-mail. And then 3296 there was, like -- it kind of looked like a phone, like 3297 a BlackBerry, and those were the pins. And that icon 3298 would light up.

Q.Okay. And would it go, just if you remember, and

if it's both or and, let me know. 3300 3301 A.Yeah. Q.Is it like one-off things like with a page with a 3302 message or would the Governor, for example, send a pin 3303 3304 to like, four different people? 3305 A.He could send it to like four different people. 3306 Q.Okay. A.Um --3307 3308 Q.So it is like a BlackBerry instant messaging kind 3309 of thing but not a text message? A.Not a text message because it is not phone based. 3310 3311 So you would have to know -- we at one time in the chamber had a directory of -- and you know, you would 3312 3313 have -- you know, this is their phone number, this is 3314 their e-mail, this is their pin if they have one. You 3315 know, so that you would know if I want to pin this 3316 person, I can pin this person. 3317 Q.It was, like, quasi official? Like, it was 3318 sanctioned? It wasn't like using Signal or something? 3319 A.Yes. 3320 Q.It was a known process? 3321 A.Yes. It was being phased out. 3322 Q.Okay. 3323 A.So when I arrived at chamber, I got a BlackBerry

but a lot of people had been phased out of BlackBerries.

3325	So some people had legacy BlackBerries because they had
3326	been there, but it was, you know it was another means
3327	of a communication.
3328	Q.And just if you know, did Ms. DeRosa have a
3329	BlackBerry?
3330	A.Yes.
3331	Q.And did she use the pin service?
3332	A.Yes.
3333	EXAMINATION BY
3334	MR. EMMER:
3335	Q.Were messages via pin retained or were they
3336	automatically deleted?
3337	A.You know, that's a question beyond my knowledge.
3338	Q.I know you already spoke with the minority on
3339	some of these questions in their first hour, but I want
3340	to move on to discussing the data that nursing homes
3341	were reported and what was being publicly reported.
3342	So first, yes or no, do you think the former
3343	Governor presented accurate data throughout the
3344	pandemic?
3345	A.Yes.
3346	Q.Do you think the Governor was fully transparent
3347	regarding data throughout the pandemic?
3348	A.Yes.
3349	Q.Can you explain how the administration collected

3350	data specifically related to nursing homes during the
3351	pandemic?
3352	A.So the Department had what was called a HERDS
3353	survey, um, which I can never remember what it stands
3354	for. It's something like health emergency data or
3355	something.
3356	But it was a survey that went to every nursing
3357	home administrator, a series of questions, people would
3358	have to respond, and that was how we, you know, gathered
3359	the data. There were folks at the
3360	Department of Health that would collate it and we would
3361	get statistical updates of these numbers every I
3362	think we would get it every morning at, like, three or
3363	four in the morning.
3364	Q.Did you have any role or part in the collecting
3365	or reviewing of the data?
3366	A.No. I would get it, but in terms of, you know,
3367	sending it out or getting that sort of raw data, I just
3368	got the updates from staff.
3369	EXAMINATION BY
3370	MR. BENZINE:
3371	Q.Was there a point person for it?
3372	A.So Mahesh Nattanmai was the IT person for the
3373	Department of Health and he was involved in a lot of the
3374	statistical collection. Some of the Special Counsels

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3375 that we talked about in the various agencies volunteered 3376 for Linda to assist with reviewing and collating some of 3377 that. So every morning when we would get the e-mail 3378 of these are the stats, it would come from either Andrea 3379 3380 Herasimtschuk, or there were a couple other names, but 3381 typically it was Andrea who would typically go through 3382 it. 3383 And I think there was some back and forth she 3384 would have with the Department of Health where this 3385 number was a hundred thousand yesterday, why is it all 3386 of a sudden 80,000 kind of things. 3387 So obvious discrepancies would get scrubbed, 3388 but that was -- we would get a pretty clean version of 3389 it. 3390 EXAMINATION BY 3391 MR. EMMER: 3392 Q.I know that you guys were responding in realtime 3393 but were you aware that the initial HERDS surveys didn't 3394 ask for nursing home fatality data or numbers? Excuse 3395 me. 3396 A.Um, I -- so when we -- when we first initiated 3397 HERDS, I think it was at the point where we had not yet 3398 even had a fatality in the state. So I think it might

have been a situation where we were dealing still with

3400	cases in the tens, right?
3401	And so that we were talking about symptoms, we
3402	were talking about PPE, we were talking about other
3403	things without having that focus on deaths.
3404	And at some point, I think it was added, yes.
3405	Q.Okay. At this time, I would like to introduce
3406	what will be marked as Majority Exhibit 10.
3407	MR. EMMER: (Handing).
3408	(Whereupon, The Department of Health, Use,
3409	Collection and Reporting of Infection Control Data,
3410	issued in March of 2022, was marked as Majority Exhibit
3411	10 by Mitch Benzine.)
3412	MR. EMMER: (Handing).
3413	MR. KEHOE: (Handing).
3414	THE WITNESS: (Handing).
3415	A.(Perusing).
3416	Q.This is the report issued by the Office of the
3417	New York State Comptroller entitled, The Department of
3418	Health, Use, Collection and Reporting Infection Control
3419	Data, issued in March of 2022.
3420	Ms. Garvey, do you recognize this report?
3421	A.Um, yes.
3422	Q.And I may be asking you to repeat yourself but
3423	were you interviewed as part of the Comptroller's
3424	review?

3425	A.No.
3426	Q.I want to direct your attention to the top of
3427	page 13.
3428	A.(Witness complies.)
3429	Q.When you are ready, I will read this into the
3430	record.
3431	MR. KEHOE: Have you read through his
3432	statistical gathering capabilities on this thing?
3433	MR. EMMER: Excuse me?
3434	MR. KEHOE: Have you read through
3435	DiNapoli's statistical gathering capabilities in this
3436	thing? Because it's nothing short of I mean, it's a
3437	bit it's the most bizarre report I have ever read on
3438	how he gathers his statistics, his timeframes and then
3439	comes to his conclusions. I have read this thing many,
3440	many times.
3441	MR. EMMER: For the record, we'll just be
3442	using it for references as to the timeline.
3443	MR. KEHOE: Yeah, okay.
3444	Q.So reading it into the record, "When the
3445	Department first started collecting information about
3446	deaths in nursing homes, data accuracy was poor.
3447	However, even as data accuracy improved, the Department
3448	consistently underreported the total number of nursing
3449	home deaths to the public until February 4th of 2021.

3450	Throughout the pandemic, the Department used alternating
3451	methodologies to account for nursing home deaths."
3452	First, Ms. Garvey, for the record, do you
3453	agree with the Comptroller's characterization that
3454	nursing home deaths were undercounted?
3455	A.No.
3456	Q.Can you elaborate why you disagree?
3457	A.So again, I think what every one of these
3458	reports, whether it's the Assembly, the Attorney
3459	General, the Comptroller, they are characterizing with a
3460	person prior to their death as a nursing home resident
3461	being some sort of special category that needs to follow
3462	that person irrespective of the place of their death.
3463	When we started this, and again, I
3464	don't you know, I haven't looked at this with enough,
3465	you know, focus to really, you know, be able to parse
3466	through April 12th to April 13th and April 15th to
3467	May 2nd, but just the general principle was, we ask
3468	nursing homes if they have death in their facilities.
3469	We asked hospitals if they had deaths in their
3470	facilities and we took those numbers and that went into
3471	the count. So you were a nursing home death or you were
3472	a hospital death based on whether or not you were in
3473	that facility when you died.
3474	So when the concern was raised that you are

not accurately tracking nursing home deaths because you are not reporting nursing home patients who later died in hospitals, those deaths are reported in that hospital count.

So you have to be able to back out the person, you know, Joe Shmoe from the hospital death count put him back, not only in that nursing home count, but in the proper place where he came from.

So the complexity of that is that if you get diagnosed with COVID, you progress to needing ventilation, you are going to leave that nursing home. That might be 10 days after your infection. You go to the hospital, you may be on a ventilator for a period of days, weeks or even months and then you ultimately die.

We needed to be able to go back to the nursing home and say this person actually came from a nursing home, which was not that easy to do when the only data that we had from the nursing home or the hospital was initials. So it would be for Joe Shmoe, it would be JS died in a hospital. And it would be difficult for us to go back at a later point in time and say, you know, is the JS that died May 20th the same JS that was a positive COVID case in this hospital, or in this nursing home on April 10th.

And you know, again, looking at how we were

trying to load balance between the hospitals, you might not even go to a hospital in the county where your nursing home was. Right? It is possible that you were here, you know, if you were a nursing home near Elmhurst Hospital, you might have been sent up to Albany Med, you know, because they didn't have bed space.

So it was not as simple as saying, you know,

Joe Shmoe has a tag on his arm that says he is a nursing
home patient so that whatever hospital he dies in, that
hospital is reporting that as a nursing home death and
we are able to then put this in some other special
category without double counting that.

I do think we were -- to go back to your earlier question about whether we were transparent all the time, there was a lot of confusion. Nursing homes were constantly updating their data. So were hospitals.

But what we always tried to do was tell the public clearly what we were reporting. And what we were reporting was deaths that occurred in nursing homes and deaths that occurred in hospitals, and I have not seen, except for one small reference in the Attorney General's press release, where she said nursing homes underreported to DOH, that there is any allegation that our count wasn't accurate.

The overall total deaths in New York, I think

3525	everyone largely agrees, were accurate. And if
3526	hospitals or nursing homes were lying on the HERDS
3527	report, you know, we considered that a false filing with
3528	a state agency and we would have pursued that against
3529	the nursing home or hospital.
3530	Q.So focusing on the second part of that paragraph,
3531	why did the administration use alternating methodologies
3532	to account for nursing home deaths?
3533	A.At one point, we said confirmed. At a later
3534	point, we asked presumed. And I believe that at some
3535	point we asked for a retrospective presumed death count.
3536	Adding in presumed deaths was, from our
3537	perspective, a necessary data to have because testing
3538	was not widely available at this time. And we wanted to
3539	make sure that in our effort to be precise and
3540	scientific, we weren't actually creating a blind spot.
3541	So we wanted to know from the nursing home
3542	operators, are you presuming, you know, 30 COVID
3543	patients, which because of a lack of testing, you know,
3544	we don't know about, that we could be facing a bigger
3545	problem than we realized.
3546	So I think that was relevant and necessary
3547	data for us to ask for. And we started, you know,
3548	bringing that data in so that we could analyze it from a
3549	capacity and needs assessment basis.

3550	Q.I want to direct your attention to the next
3551	paragraph underneath the graph, and we are going to
3552	start with the second sentence. And just get into more
3553	specifics as far as the methodology.
3554	A.Mm-hmm.
3555	Q.And I'll read this into the record.
3556	"From April 15th to May 2, 2020, the
3557	Department added reporting of presumed deaths by county,
3558	as well as both confirmed and presumed deaths by
3559	individual facility but only if the facility had five or
3560	more deaths. That's over 50 percent of the deaths that
3561	should have been reported at the end of the period were
3562	not. An error rate of over 100 percent."
3563	Ms. Garvey, do you know why deaths totaling at
3564	facilities with less than five deaths were not included?
3565	A.So I believe and again, it's hard to know
3566	because this is long after I left government in 2022,
3567	but it's hard to know exactly what he is basing that
3568	figure on. But I do believe that we had, like, you
3569	could look up a specific nursing home and see a death
3570	count, but we never wanted to potentially reveal patient
3571	specific information.
3572	And so if it was a very low number, I think we
3573	would suppress it. It was included in the total, but
3574	not attributed to the facility because that could, if it

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was one or two people, tend to identify who the decedent 3575 3576 was. And we did not want to -- we wanted to keep the data, but I think not create the risk of distributing 3577 3578 protected health information. 3579 Q.Do you know who would have made the decision as 3580 far as you just said, privacy reasons, exclude these 3581 deaths from the count? 3582 A.I remember conversations about when we could and 3583 couldn't. This was in consultation with Department of 3584 Health attorneys who were more well versed in HIPAA 3585 concerns. 3586 But we had a conversation. I don't remember specifically a decision or determination that five is 3587 3588 adequate. I think it was very situational, but we were 3589 conscious throughout the pandemic both with positive 3590 tests. And when we got to facility level information 3591 that it might not be to where it was one or two people 3592 that would be easily identifiable. 3593 So there were conversations. I don't remember 3594 specifically if it was within this period, but I was 3595 part of some of those conversations and DOH 3596 recommended --3597 Q.You said DOH attorneys. 3598 A.Yeah.

Q.Can you be more specific?

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3600 A.Um, April 15th would have been probably still 3601 Rick Zahnleuter. Rick Zahnleuter was the Department of 3602 Health General Counsel. He left fairly early on in the 3603 pandemic and his deputy became acting GC, who was a guy 3604 named Mike Bass. 3605 THE WITNESS: B-A-S-S. 3606 EXAMINATION BY 3607 MR. BENZINE: 3608 Q.I'm trying to -- and we have heard this from 3609 multiple places too, of the under five, it's not that they weren't counted, it's just that they weren't 3610 3611 publicized. 3612 A. They weren't linked to the specific facility. 3613 Q. Yeah. Putting aside the kind of the, like, out 3614 of facility in facility situation --3615 A. (Nodding.) 3616 Q.-- were they counted in the total state deaths or 3617 were they counted in the total nursing home deaths? 3618 A.If they died in the nursing home, they were in that total nursing home deaths I believe. 3619 3620 Q.So if it was two people at one nursing home that 3621 died, it would say less than five or something on the 3622 spreadsheet if I were to look it up, something like 3623 that?

A.I don't remember, but yes. Somehow I think it

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3625 was -- I don't believe that it just said zero, but I 3626 could be wrong. 3627 Q.I think it said less than five. I'm wracking my 3628 memory on looking back at the Excel spreadsheets too, 3629 but the two would go into the total? 3630 A.It would fall into the bottom, the sum. 3631 Q.Okay. 3632 A.So you might not have all the specific numbers that added up to that sum on any given day, but it would 3633 3634 total up. 3635 Q.Right. 3636 EXAMINATION BY 3637 MR. EMMER : 3638 Q.I want to direct your attention to the next 3639 sentence. 3640 The report continues, "Subsequently from 3641 May 3, 2020, to February 3, 2021, the Department excluded deaths that occurred at other locations and 3642 3643 separated confirmed presumed deaths, failing to report 3644 about 30 percent of the total COVID-19 nursing home 3645 deaths at the end of that period at a 45 percent error 3646 rate." 3647 Ms. Garvey, what necessitated making this 3648 change?

A.I'm not even sure I understand the sentence. I'm

3650	sorry.
3651	So the Department excluded deaths that
3652	occurred at other locations, but I'm not sure
3653	(Perusing).
3654	I'm not sure why or what that includes.
3655	Q.My understanding, how I read it, is that the
3656	count only the death count only was included deaths
3657	that occurred at the nursing home and did not include
3658	deaths of residents of nursing homes that occurred at
3659	the hospital or other locations.
3660	A.Okay. But I read this whole paragraph as saying,
3661	initially, it was at all nursing homes and then at other
3662	locations, which to me, would be hospitals.
3663	So there were in-facility deaths, which were
3664	hospitals and nursing homes. Then there was other,
3665	which were at some point we started cataloging deaths
3666	at home because that had also become a significant
3667	source of COVID deaths for us.
3668	So it was sort of three different categories.
3669	There was an overall county number, not in any facility,
3670	a hospital number and a nursing home number. From May
3671	3rd to February 3rd, 2021 they excluded deaths that
3672	occurred at other locations and separated confirmed and
3673	presumed deaths.
3674	I'm familiar that we separated out confirmed

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3675 and presumed because we wanted to be more granular about what our level of confidence was in these numbers. But 3676 I don't -- I'm not familiar with excluding deaths that 3677 3678 occurred at other locations or what the Comptroller is really referring to here; if he is referring to no 3679 3680 longer counting hospital deaths -- like, we continued to 3681 count hospital deaths and we added in this other 3682 category for deaths at home too. 3683 Q.When you are referring to -- when you said that 3684 you were counting hospital deaths, that is in the 3685 context of nursing home residents? 3686 A.Any deaths that occurred in the hospital facility but not in a category of nursing home residents. It was 3687 3688 two silos. Nursing home in-facility deaths, hospital 3689 in-facility deaths and at some point, a third category 3690 of other. 3691 EXAMINATION BY 3692 MR. BENZINE: 3693 Q.Do you recall what made the decision to separate 3694 them? I largely agree that it would be hard to trace 3695 back based off of initials, but do you recall who made 3696 the decision it would not be categorized that way? 3697 A.I don't. I remember really getting into this 3698 level of detail as, you know, we had already sort of

gotten to, let's call it this, like, April-May period

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3700 later on.

3701 And questions started to be raised about why not just add in hospital deaths, back those hospital 3702 3703 deaths back into the nursing home number. And being 3704 part of these different conversations about the 3705 different complexities. And functionally, 3706 I think the goal was to try to be able to do that if it 3707 was possible. And it was, you know, throughout these 3708 conversations, it just became clear that there were so 3709 many fallibilities in the data. The data collection, the data processing and then to be able 3710 3711 to validate it, I think that ultimately we did not 3712 change the methodology because it was just not going to 3713 give us anything more reliable than what we already had. 3714 Q.Did the reliability concerns go through July?

A.Um, yeah. I mean, I believe that the reliability concerns continued to, you know -- into 2021 even, that it was just the numbers that we were getting and the way we were getting them were not clean enough. The data was not clean or able to be verified in a fashion that really permitted us to do that.

## 3721 EXAMINATION BY

3722 MR. EMMER:

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3723 Q.Do you recall it coming to the administration's attention that deaths occurring after 5:00 p.m. were not

3725	being included in the daily counts?
3726	A.Yes.
3727	Q.And do you have an idea or approximate date that
3728	that would have came to the administration's attention?
3729	A.I do think it was fairly early on. So, you know,
3730	if pressed, I would guess it was still sometime in
3731	March. But you know, I recall seeing mail from Megan
3732	Baldwin that there was some glitch in the reporting that
3733	was causing that miscount.
3734	Q.Do you recall whether there was reluctance to
3735	report the numbers that weren't included?
3736	A.I think there were reluctance to all of a sudden,
3737	dump, you know, a data correction. It was not like this
3738	wouldn't happen throughout the pandemic. States would
3739	revise their data and sometimes you would see wide
3740	swings.
3741	But I think at the time there was a fear that
3742	if you just threw out another hundred deaths with the
3743	numbers being as low as they had been to this point and
3744	with the focus on it, it would look as if there was
3745	suddenly a catastrophic event as opposed to something
3746	that would have occurred over several weeks.
3747	Q.Do you recall whether there were Executive
3748	Chamber employees who were more reluctant to release
3749	that data?

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3750	A.Yes.
3751	Q.Can you name them?
3752	A.Um, I believe we are getting into privilege
3753	territory.
3754	EXAMINATION BY
3755	MR. BENZINE:
3756	Q.Who showed reluctance is not legal advice, and if
3757	they are not a lawyer, they are not furnishing legal
3758	advice.
3759	MR. KEHOE: Let me just talk to her for a
3760	second.
3761	MR. BENZINE: Yes. We can go off the
3762	record.
3763	(Whereupon, an off-the-record discussion
3764	was held.)
3765	MR. BENZINE: We can go back on the record.
3766	MR. KEHOE: So embedded in the question is
3767	attorney-client privileges, so we are going to decline
3768	to answer.
3769	MR. BENZINE: How?
3770	MR. KEHOE: Excuse me?
3771	MR. BENZINE: How is it privileged?
3772	MR. KEHOE: Because it is privilege in the
3773	fact that you are saying that there was a discussion on
3774	how this information is going to be disclosed and you

3775	are linking it back to the individual. So embedded in
3776	your question is attorney-client privileged
3777	information.
3778	Listen, if these guys want to waive on
3779	this, that's fine. She'll answer the questions.
3780	MR. BENZINE: Well, I'm going to ask
3781	questions to your client after this.
3782	Q.But was it Melissa DeRosa that expressed
3783	MR. KEHOE: I'm going to
3784	MR. BENZINE: She's not a lawyer.
3785	Q.Was it Melissa DeRosa that expressed
3786	MR. KEHOE: We are going to decline to
3787	answer that.
3788	MR. BENZINE: All right.
3789	Q.I'm going to ask you some questions about your
3790	awareness of this committee and congressional rules and
3791	then we'll move on.
3792	Are you aware that Congress does not recognize
3793	common law privileges?
3794	MR. KEHOE: Wait a second.
3795	We are getting afar here, Mitch. And
3796	listen, I will gladly have these answers if they are
3797	willing to waive privilege. I will gladly do that.
3798	As far as what Ms. Garvey is trying to do
3799	at this point here is trying to navigate ethical

3800	concerns. So I have explained to her the legalities of
3801	what is going on here so we really don't need to do
3802	that.
3803	MR. BENZINE: I understand that, but if I
3804	need to subpoena the Governor, I need to have a record
3805	in order to do so, so I'm going to ask her these
3806	questions.
3807	MR. KEHOE: Okay. I'm going to have her
3808	decline to answer.
3809	MR. BENZINE: Okay. I'm going to ask the
3810	questions. You can decline to answer every time.
3811	MR. KEHOE: Yes.
3812	Q.Are you aware that Congress does not recognize
3813	the common law of attorney-client privilege?
3814	MR. KEHOE: You can answer that question if
3815	you know one way or another.
3816	A.I don't know one way or another.
3817	Q.Are you aware that the Committee on Oversight and
3818	Accountability has the authority to subpoena your
3819	testimony returnable to the Select Subcommittee?
3820	MR. KEHOE: Stipulated.
3821	MR. BENZINE: All right.
3822	Q.Are you aware if that were to happen, it would be
3823	a deposition, and if you were to continue to refuse
3824	based on privileges not recognized, the chairman of the

3825	committee could compel you to answer?
3826	MR. KEHOE: Well, we'll talk about that in
3827	another legal arena, but I'll have her decline to
3828	answer that.
3829	MR. BENZINE: All right.
3830	Q.And if the chairman were to compel you to answer
3831	and if you continue to refuse to answer, it is within
3832	our right to hold you in contempt of Congress?
3833	MR. KEHOE: Same objection.
3834	MR. BENZINE: All right. Thank you.
3835	We can keep going.
3836	MR. KEHOE: And again, I just want to say
3837	as we said from the beginning, Mitch, we will gladly
3838	answer these questions, and if we can navigate this
3839	attorney-client privilege stuff, I'm all for it.
3840	MR. BENZINE: And all I'm saying is, I
3841	expect rational exertions of the privilege. A non-
3842	attorney saying, whoa, there is political
3843	considerations in here, which is what I'm assuming it
3844	is
3845	MR. KEHOE: They are not political
3846	considerations as far as I'm concerned.
3847	As representing Ms. Garvey, I don't care
3848	about political considerations, honestly. It is of no
3849	consequence to me. My only concern is this lack of

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3850 clarity as to what the Executive Chamber says is 3851 covered by the privilege or not. 3852 And I am not trying to be a, you know, get 3853 in the way of your investigation because I appreciate 3854 what you are trying to do. I do. 3855 MR. BENZINE: Thank you. 3856 MR. KEHOE: And all I'm saying is if we 3857 could go back to the individual questions, go back to 3858 the Executive Chamber and say we would like to ask 3859 Ms. Garvey questions on this, this, this and this, 3860 everything that we have exercised previously, do you 3861 quys have a problem with any of this? And if they say 3862 no, we'll be right back. 3863 MR. BENZINE: And I understand some of it 3864 is answering questions to get on the record, so if I 3865 have to send a subpoena to the Governor, I have to send 3866 a subpoena to the Governor. 3867 MR. KEHOE: I just want you to appreciate 3868 where we are coming from that standpoint. 3869 MR. BENZINE: No. I do understand. 3870 MR. KEHOE: Okay. 3871 MR. BENZINE: Sometimes we just have to ask 3872 the questions. 3873 MR. KEHOE: I understand and we don't want

to get in the way of what you are trying to do. We are

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3875 just trying to answer your questions, not violate 3876 privilege and let you get to the place where you think 3877 you need to be. 3878 I'm sorry. Eric, go ahead. 3879 MR. OSTERHUES: No, all I was going to say 3880 is, you know, I think why we are interested and I think 3881 why we are pursuing this is, you know, earlier in the 3882 hour -- I'm paraphrasing, but your client testified 3883 that we always try to tell the public what we are 3884 reporting. 3885 MR. KEHOE: Right. 3886 MR. OSTERHUES: And, you know, I get the concern about the large dump, you know, at once, but it 3887 would seem like, you know, where we wanted to go with 3888 3889 that was, what were the concerns with a large dump as 3890 long as you were being transparent and telling the 3891 public what you were reporting and why you were 3892 reporting it. 3893 MR. KEHOE: Eric, I understand what you are 3894 talking about, some of the overlapping concerns being 3895 legal and political. I get it. I get it. 3896 And as far as we're concerned, we'll tell 3897 you exactly anything you want to know with regard to 3898 those conversations. If these guys say it is okay for

Ms. Garvey to answer the questions, then we'll be back

3900	in a heartbeat to do it.
3901	MR. BENZINE: I'll ask the questions that
3902	way.
3903	Q.What were the concerns with a large dump?
3904	A.If the public were to get information that could
3905	mislead them as to their level of risk, that was viewed
3906	as a primary concern.
3907	So a large dump, which would appear as if
3908	there was a catastrophic fatality event all at once, um,
3909	was viewed as potentially being misleading the public as
3910	to their level of risk
3911	Q.And who
3912	A as opposed to being fully transparent about
3913	what was happening on the ground so that people could
3914	properly assess risk.
3915	Q.So who expressed the concern about it would show
3916	a catastrophic event?
3917	A.Um, I think it was shared by multiple people and
3918	I think beyond going into the specifics of who said
3919	what, when and in what context, I think that is when we
3920	are intruding too much on the privilege.
3921	Q.Okay. This is where we are confused.
3922	A.Yeah.
3923	Q. The concern of showing a catastrophic event is a
3924	health concern. You just said you were worried about

3925	the public being concerned about their health. They are
3926	being concerned that a wave just swarmed through a
3927	nursing home. That is not a legal concern. If someone
3928	expressed a concern about a public health crisis, you
3929	can answer that question.
3930	MR. KEHOE: What I'm saying and I have
3931	tried to let this go and I understand what you're
3932	talking about. And all I am going to ask you for at
3933	this point is just if you will ask if they will waive
3934	the privilege and she'll answer the question.
3935	At this point, can we just put this one on
3936	ice?
3937	MR. BENZINE: Okay.
3938	Q.I'll ask a similar question.
3939	Dr. Malatras, PhD not MD, said that Ms. Baldwin
3940	brought the concern to him. Is that consistent with
3941	your recollection?
3942	A.Um, I I was alerted by Ms. Baldwin.
3943	Q.And Dr. Malatras testified that Ms. Baldwin
3944	brought it to him because Ms. Lacewell was not receptive
3945	of the concern; is that consistent with your
3946	recollection?
3947	MR. KEHOE: Again, this is rehashing what
3948	we did. Again, with a waiver coming forward, we'll
3949	gladly answer it. I just ask that be put on ice too.

3950	MR. BENZINE: Okay.
3951	Q.Did you express concern?
3952	A.I
3953	MR. KEHOE: Do you want to chat about this?
3954	A.I believe I was asked in my capacity as an
3955	attorney, and so I can't think of a non-privileged way
3956	to answer that question.
3957	Q.Okay. I'll ask it this way: Did you share the
3958	concern that it could have been viewed as a catastrophic
3959	health event?
3960	MR. KEHOE: Well, that's the same. That's
3961	literally the same thing. I mean, it is one thing if
3962	opinion. She is giving what she actually said that
3963	would fall into that category, which again, we'll
3964	answer if you get that waived.
3965	MR. BENZINE: Okay. I don't understand how
3966	this privilege is being asserted right now, but you car
3967	continue asking other questions.
3968	MR. KEHOE: Okay. That's fine.
3969	EXAMINATION BY
3970	MR. EMMER:
3971	Q.I want to fast forward to August 3rd when
3972	Dr. Zucker declined to provide the New York legislature
3973	with the number of nursing home residents who died.
3974	Do you recall Dr. Zucker's testimony?

3975	A.I recall that he gave testimony that day. But
3976	you said he declined
3977	Q.To provide the full accounting for nursing home
3978	fatalities?
3979	A.I believe he was asked for a number that he did
3980	not have.
3981	Q.Okay. Gareth Rhodes testified to us that he was
3982	ordered to conduct an audit of the Department of Health.
3983	After this hearing, were you aware that he conducted an
3984	audit?
3985	A.Yes.
3986	Q.Do you know who ordered Mr. Rhodes to conduct an
3987	audit of the nursing home numbers?
3988	A.Um, yes. I believe that was Melissa.
3989	Q.Do you know why she instructed him to do that?
3990	A.I believe that it was in an effort to try to
3991	tease out the problem that we talked about earlier,
3992	which was if JS was a positive case in a nursing home
3993	and several weeks later in another county a JS died, was
3994	that the same person that we could then back the death
3995	out of the hospital.
3996	Q.Do you know what Mr. Rhodes' audit found as far
3997	as inconsistencies within the data?
3998	A.I don't.
3999	Q.He testified to us that his audit found 600

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4000 entries that had some sort of inconsistency suitable for 4001 follow-up. And he never mentioned that to you? 4002 A.I don't remember having a conversation with him 4003 about his findings, no. 4004 Q.I want to spend some time talking about the 4005 July 6th report. I believe that is Minority Exhibit --4006 MR. OSTERHUES: It's A. 4007 MR. BENZINE: A. Do you need it? 4008 MR. EMMER: Yeah. 4009 MR. BENZINE: (Handing). 4010 Q.I might make you repeat yourself here, but can 4011 you describe what role you had in the drafting of this 4012 report? 4013 A.So as I said earlier, I believe that we got a 4014 pretty complete draft from the Department that folks in 4015 the Department drafted. It was shared with a group 4016 within the Chamber. And that, you know, edits were made 4017 for consistency, readability, that, you know, a lot of 4018 folks had a lot of back and forth on it. And I recall 4019 seeing several different versions of the report in my 4020 inbox. 4021 Q.Do you recall whether there were any individuals 4022 or organizations outside the government that was 4023 involved in the July 6th report? A.Um, I remember people talking about McKinsey

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being involved in the data. Um, I had, you know, 4025 4026 assumed that there were probably other folks that, um, you know, the folks at the Department of Health might 4027 4028 have been consulting with. 4029 But I don't know specifically. I mean, other 4030 than sort of the group that I was linked with the 4031 report, I don't know of anyone outside of, I'll say, 4032 government, but it was really Chamber, DOH, Gareth, 4033 Linda, Jim. 4034 Q. You just mentioned some names that were involved. Did these individuals have distinct roles in the 4035 4036 drafting? Different areas of the report? 4037 A.No. I don't -- it wasn't like, you know, Beth, 4038 your lane is this and Jim, you are going to review for 4039 that. I think people were trying to supplement to the 4040 best of their ability, right? 4041 So for instance, if I remembered, oh, we also 4042 did this piece of guidance, we should include that, 4043 that's relevant here, right? Those would be the kinds 4044 of edits that I would be offering here. But there was never anything, you know, formal. 4045 4046 Q. You testified that the DOH started drafting the 4047 report. Did you review the initial draft that they sent 4048 over?

A.I got to be honest, I don't think I looked at it

4050	for the first several times it hit my inbox.
4051	EXAMINATION BY
4052	MR. BENZINE:
4053	Q.Do you know if the Governor ever made any edits?
4054	A.I don't.
4055	EXAMINATION BY
4056	MR. EMMER:
4057	Q.Ms. Garvey, do you believe that the July 6th
4058	report was fully transparent regarding the total numbers
4059	of nursing home residents who died as a result of
4060	COVID-19?
4061	A.Again, I think it is fully transparent of the
4062	number of deaths that we were confident of in nursing
4063	homes this I think we were always clear about what we
4064	were reporting.
4065	Q.Do you recall during the drafting process whether
4066	you reviewed a draft that included out-of-facility
4067	deaths?
4068	A.Yes.
4069	Q.And I believe Mr. Malatras testified that the
4070	decision to not include this subset in the report was
4071	made around June 27th. Do you recall who made the
4072	decision to leave it out of the report?
4073	MR. KEHOE: I objected on attorney-client
4074	privilege to that question when asked by the Democrats,

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so I'm objecting here. 4075 EXAMINATION BY 4076 MR. BENZINE: 4077 4078 Q.Were you on the phone call on June 27th? 4079 A.I was on a phone call. I don't recall the 4080 specific date. 4081 Q.Were you on a phone call with Dr. Malatras and 4082 Ms. DeRosa on June 27th? 4083 A.I recall a phone call. They were present. I don't know if that phone call happened that date. 4084 Q.What's your recollection of the phone call with 4085 4086 Dr. Malatras and Ms. DeRosa? 4087 A.I think that's privileged. 4088 MR. KEHOE: That's privileged. 4089 MR. BENZINE: The whole phone call? 4090 MR. KEHOE: Yeah, the whole phone call. 4091 Q.You said that you saw a draft of the report with 4092 out-of-facility numbers in it, 9,844 I believe is what 4093 it was. 4094 A.Again, I don't recall specifically what the 4095 number was. 4096 Q.Do you recall about when you saw that draft? 4097 We'll say before or after June 27th? A.I'm sorry. It's four years later. I can't say 4098

with specificity. It was before July 6, 2020.

4100	Q.Okay.
4101	A.But I couldn't hazard a date.
4102	Q.Okay.
4103	EXAMINATION BY
4104	MR. EMMER:
4105	Q.Ms. Garvey, for the purposes of the March 25th
4106	order and the July 6th report, can you define a
4107	readmission versus an admission?
4108	A.A readmission would have been a person who left a
4109	nursing home who was a resident and returning from the
4110	hospital back to that nursing home. An admission would
4111	have been a new patient.
4112	Q. The July 6th report shows that approximately
4113	6,326 COVID positive patients were admitted to
4114	facilities between March 25th, 2020 and May 8th, 2020.
4115	Are you aware that that number didn't include
4116	2,279 patients who were readmitted to nursing homes
4117	where they were already residents?
4118	A.Um, no, I'm not.
4119	Q.Do you recall whether there were any discussions
4120	related to which population or subset admissions versus
4121	readmissions to include in the July 6th report?
4122	MR. KEHOE: Ask that again?
4123	I'm sorry.
4124	Q.Do you recall whether there were any discussions

4125	related to which subset admissions or readmissions to
4126	include in the July 6th report?
4127	A.Um, I don't recall.
4128	Q.Do you recall concerns from Department of Health
4129	employees about the changes that the Executive Chamber
4130	was making to the July 6th report?
4131	A.No.
4132	Q.At this time I would like to introduce what will
4133	be marked as Majority's Exhibit 11.
4134	MR. EMMER: (Handing).
4135	MR. KEHOE: Thank you. (Handing).
4136	MR. EMMER: Yep.
4137	THE WITNESS: (Handing).
4138	(Whereupon, a statement from Beth Garvey
4139	was marked as Majority's Exhibit 11 by Mitch Benzine.)
4140	Q.This is entitled statement from Beth Garvey,
4141	Special Counsel to the Governor from March 5, 2021.
4142	I'll let you review the document.
4143	A.(Perusing).
4144	Q.Do you recall issuing this statement?
4145	A.Yes.
4146	Q.Why did you have to issue this statement?
4147	A.Um, I believe it was in response to press stories
4148	that talked about altering data to clarify that there
4149	was no altering of the data.

4150	Q.Dr. Malatras testified that this statement was
4151	made in response to a statement that he made in response
4152	to a New York Times article introduced by my colleagues
4153	as Minority Exhibit B, New York Times article, "Cuomo
4154	aides rewrote nursing home report to hide high death
4155	total."
4156	And it was in response to a statement where he
4157	effectively said that what was being reported in the
4158	Times was true.
4159	Do you recall Dr. Malatras making a statement
4160	in response to the New York Times article?
4161	MR. KEHOE: Hang on a second. Did he say
4162	that to you guys or did he say it to someone else?
4163	MR. EMMER: He testified to us he had
4164	issued a statement in response to this article, in
4165	which he said it was all true.
4166	MR. KEHOE: Do you have that?
4167	I'm trying to find the article where he
4168	said that.
4169	MR. BENZINE: Dr. Malatras's statement, we
4170	don't have that.
4171	MR. KEHOE: Did Malatras or Zucker say that
4172	this article was true and he told you guys that?
4173	MR. BENZINE: Malatras.
4174	MR. KEHOE: Malatras. Oh, okay. So it's

4175	not a public statement?
4176	My mistake.
4177	MR. BENZINE: Yeah. Malatras issued a
4178	public statement and according to him, Ms. DeRosa, Ms.
4179	Garvey and someone else called him to get him to
4180	retract the statement. He didn't and then this
4181	statement was issued.
4182	MR. KEHOE: Okay.
4183	Q.Do you recall Dr. Malatras making this statement?
4184	A.Um, I don't recall the content of his statement,
4185	no. But I recall that there was a conversation with
4186	him, that there was a concern that there was this, you
4187	know, idea of altered fatality data.
4188	I should be clear, you know, it's not as if
4189	the Department said there's 6,000 deaths and we said no,
4190	there's 5,337. We like that number better. There was a
4191	dataset that was the 6,000 and there was a larger
4192	dataset that contained some number of deaths that the
4193	Department thought could be attributed to nursing homes.
4194	This was it was a choice between one data
4195	set or another dataset. There was no alteration of
4196	either number. It was an editorial choice of which data
4197	set to use.
4198	Q.Let's focus first on responding to Dr. Malatras's
4199	statement.

4200	He testified to a phone call. Do you recall
4201	being a part of that and who else would have been on
4202	this call?
4203	MR. KEHOE: This is a phone call going into
4204	attorney-client privilege information?
4205	MR. BENZINE: I don't know if he could. He
4206	didn't work for the Governor.
4207	THE WITNESS: He was covered by our
4208	privilege. He was a State employee.
4209	MR. BENZINE: Not when he issued this
4210	statement. If Ms. DeRosa was calling him to retract
4211	his statement
4212	MR. KEHOE: Are we talking about a phone
4213	call when he is working for the State of New York?
4214	THE WITNESS: Yes.
4215	MR. BENZINE: Is SUNY the State of New
4216	York?
4217	THE WITNESS: Yes.
4218	MR. KEHOE: So if he is talking about that,
4219	that is privileged, which we'll gladly answer if we get
4220	a waiver.
4221	EXAMINATION BY
4222	MR. BENZINE:
4223	Q.Do you recall a phone call with Dr. Malatras
4224	after his statement?

4225	A.I recall that there was a phone call.
4226	Q.Do you recall who was on the phone call?
4227	A.No. I know Jim was on the call. Beyond
4228	that (Nodding in the negative.)
4229	Q.Do you recall if anyone on the phone call asked
4230	Dr. Malatras to retract his statement?
4231	MR. KEHOE: Going to object to that as
4232	well.
4233	MR. BENZINE: Okay.
4234	Q.Do you recall if anyone on the phone call asked
4235	Dr. Malatras to amend his statement?
4236	MR. KEHOE: Same.
4237	Q.Do you recall if anyone on the phone call asked
4238	Dr. Malatras why he issued the statement?
4239	MR. KEHOE: I'm thinking for a second.
4240	As you are going through the
4241	conversations I understand that you are going to
4242	raise a question of whether it is attorney-client
4243	privilege, but I'm going to have to invoke the
4244	privilege on that and just get back to it.
4245	Q.Do you recall who told you to issue your
4246	statement?
4247	A.No.
4248	Q.Did you draft your statement?
4249	A.I worked on the statement myself. I don't

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4250	believe I wrote the first draft.
4251	Q.Did you approve the statement?
4252	A.Yes.
4253	Q.Okay.
4254	EXAMINATION BY
4255	MR. EMMER:
4256	Q.To conclude our review of your statement, and I
4257	may be making you repeat yourself, but what concerns
4258	were there with the accuracy of the unpublished data?
4259	A.Our concerns were that we did not have access to
4260	the level of information to make sure that we were not
4261	double counting deaths.
4262	Q.Do you recall whether you had an idea within tha
4263	subset of the number of nursing home fatalities that
4264	were questionable that you would have had concerns with
4265	or was it just the entire subset?
4266	A.At the time we issued this statement or at the
4267	time we were preparing the July 6th report.
4268	Q.As this statement refers to the July 6th report,
4269	yeah?
4270	A.Yeah. So going back to July at the time it was
4271	unknown number. And that was part of the concern.
4272	EXAMINATION BY
4273	MR. BENZINE:

Q.During the drafting process of the July 6th

4275	report did Dr. Malatras ever express an insistence of
4276	posting the full 9,000 number?
4277	MR. KEHOE: That's the same.
4278	MR. BENZINE: Okay.
4279	Q.During the drafting of the July 6th report, to
4280	your recollection did Dr. Adams express interest in
4281	posting the full 6,000 number?
4282	A.I don't recall ever having any conversation with
4283	Dr. Adams.
4284	Q.During the drafting part of the issuance of the
4285	report, was the different dataset presented to the
4286	Governor?
4287	A.I don't know.
4288	Q.Do you recall who made the decision on which data
4289	set to use?
4290	MR. KEHOE: I objected to that before and I
4291	object again.
4292	MR. BENZINE: Okay.
4293	Q.Do you recall if the Governor was involved in
4294	making that decision?
4295	A.If you are asking about the phone call where we
4296	have already asserted the privilege, you asked
4297	Q.Was the Governor on that phone call?
4298	A.No, he was not.
4299	Q.Okay.

4300	A.Thank you.
4301	Q.So not asking about the phone call.
4302	A.(Nodding.)
4303	Q.To your recollection, was the Governor involved
4304	in the decision of which number to pick?
4305	A.Oh, I don't know.
4306	Q.Okay.
4307	MR. EMMER: We can go off the record.
4308	MR. BENZINE: Yep.
4309	(Whereupon, an off-the-record discussion
4310	was held.)
4311	MR. EMMER: We'll go back on the record.
4312	Q.Ms. Garvey, were you aware that the Governor and
4313	members of the staff were writing a book while
4314	simultaneously working on the July 6th report?
4315	A.No.
4316	Q.When did you become aware that the Governor was
4317	writing a book?
4318	A.Um, at the end of July, um, when I saw a finished
4319	manuscript of the book.
4320	Q.Were you asked to review the finished manuscript?
4321	A.Yes, I was.
4322	Q.And were you volunteering to review was this
4323	in your Special Counsel capacity or on your off time?
4324	A.I understood that I was in my off time, when I

4325	was reviewing the book.
4326	Q.Were there specific areas of the book that you
4327	were asked to review or just the entire book?
4328	A.Um, the review that I participated in was sort of
4329	going through the manuscript with his editors who had
4330	specific questions about different passages, and I was
4331	asked particular questions about executive orders or,
4332	you know, different meetings that I was part of.
4333	Q.Did any of the passages that you were asked about
4334	relate to nursing homes?
4335	A.I don't recall specifically any questions being
4336	directed at me about that.
4337	Q.You learned in late July. Do you know when the
4338	Governor started writing the book?
4339	A.I do not.
4340	Q.Do you know who else from the Executive Chamber
4341	was involved in the book?
4342	A.I do know now. I did not know at the time.
4343	Q.Ms. Garvey, did you feel that the release of the
4344	book influenced the administration to not release
4345	certain subsets of nursing home fatalities?
4346	A.I'm sorry. Can you give me that one more time?
4347	Q.I try to phrase it pursuant to how we discussed
4348	it earlier.
4349	A. (Nodding.)

4350	Q.Do you feel as far as the data is concerned that
4351	the book may have influenced the administration to not
4352	publicly disclose nursing home deaths that occurred out
4353	of facility?
4354	A.I do not feel that the use of only in-facility
4355	data or the other data set would have really changed any
4356	outcome of the July report because the ultimate
4357	correlation was the same.
4358	Q.Did you ever discuss the book with the Governor?
4359	A.Only after, you know, he was present when we
4360	discussed the book at the end of July.
4361	Q.Did discussions related to the book ever occur
4362	simultaneously while the administration was making
4363	policy decisions related to the pandemic?
4364	A.No.
4365	EXAMINATION BY
4366	MR. BENZINE:
4367	Q. The end of July was in the Governor's mansion?
4368	A.Correct.
4369	Q.Do you recall who else was there?
4370	A.Um, Melissa, Stephanie, two women who were the
4371	editors, Robert Mujica, Gareth Rhodes, myself and Jim
4372	Malatras and the Governor.
4373	Q.And I'm being just a touch nitpicky, but you
4374	didn't really answer the previous question about if the

4375	book drove policy. You said that the change in the
4376	numbers wouldn't have changed the outcome in the report,
4377	but were there any considerations were you a part of
4378	any discussions where the book was mentioned in regards
4379	to keeping the numbers down?
4380	A.No.
4381	Q.Okay.
4382	EXAMINATION BY
4383	MR. EMMER:
4384	Q.Just one last question related to the book and
4385	you already partly answered it.
4386	Do you feel that the Governor's book
4387	influenced the Governor's and the staff's decisions
4388	during the pandemic?
4389	A.No.
4390	Q.Let's talk about the immunity clause that was
4391	included in the budget in April of 2020.
4392	Are you familiar with that clause?
4393	A.Yes.
4394	Q.Why did the administration believe that that
4395	clause was necessary to include in the budget?
4396	A. The immunity clause first appeared in an
4397	executive order a little bit prior. So it was couched
4398	as sort of an expansion of the state's Good Samaritan
4399	laws. Because of the relative frailty of an executive

order, it's not a statute. The legislature can pass a

concurrent resolution to repeal any suspension or

modification of any law made under 29A of the executive

law. So it was really a placeholder for us to come back

and do something more formal statutorily.

But we -- it was actually first raised to me by my Deputy Counsel, Rebecca Wood, that you know, in terms of planning, I believe there were some consultants from McKinsey who were talking about different things that would need to be part of our emergency preparedness planning and they had mentioned needing some sort of immunity provision.

When we did that first executive order,

Department of Health took the reins drafting it. We

made some edits to that immunity provision. But we knew

there needed to be something more legally secure if we

actually wanted to provide the protection.

And at the time, you know, we were sort of unsure how best to go about it because we knew that this would be very controversial. New York State law gives a lot of protections for the plaintiff's bar. We seem to be a very litigious state so we asked for outside counsel's assistance in drafting it.

So we got a draft and started working on it in-house, editing it with Alison Birzon, who I mentioned

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4425 earlier was Assistant Counsel for Health. We reached 4426 out to both Senate and Assembly central staff to make sure they knew we were going to propose this as part of 4427 4428 the budget. 4429 Q.It has been reported that the Greater New York 4430 Hospital Association was involved in the immunity 4431 clause. Do you recall what role they would have played? 4432 A.I recall that they took credit after it passed. 4433 Again, we can't control what other people say about 4434 their role in our internal deliberations. 4435 But we did -- um, you know, our partners in 4436 negotiating that were the Senate and Assembly. Those 4437 were the only entities that formally have a seat at the 4438 table. 4439 But we, you know, reached out to other 4440 stakeholders. I don't remember speaking specifically to 4441 Greater New York at all about this, but I do recall 4442 speaking with the trial lawyers association to try to 4443 get them to understand where we were coming from and see 4444 if they had any edits or concerns that we could try to 4445 incorporate to try to make this better or tighter. 4446 But it was certainly something that occupied a 4447 lot of my time in that negotiation. 4448 Q.Do you know who drafted the provision?

A.Um, so the first draft, we asked Paul Weiss to

4450	do. They were working for us pro bono. We then edited
4451	it from there.
4452	I did I think Rebecca did and Alison
4453	Birzon did. And Assembly also offered edits.
4454	So it's hard to say sort of who really had the
4455	pen by the time it was all done, but I think it was a
4456	fair compromise between the parties.
4457	Q.I'm going to try not to make you have to repeat
4458	yourself. In the first hour that the minority asked
4459	questions, they talked about preferential testing
4460	program.
4461	A.(Nodding.)
4462	Q.Just so I don't mischaracterize your testimony,
4463	can you briefly explain if you had any knowledge or
4464	involvement in this program?
4465	A.Again, I don't remember there being you know,
4466	we are going to set up a VIP testing program. So one,
4467	there was not any sort of formal program that I was
4468	aware of.
4469	But you know, there were instances I was aware
4470	of a need for expedited testing. Some of these were,
4471	you know, our staff. We had a staff member who came
4472	down with COVID who would have been, you know, in
4473	contact with the Governor. A member of our press office
4474	required our entire press office to be quarantined for

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14 days. 4475 4476 We had another, you know, individual who, you know, we were asked if we could get a test for a Board 4477 of Elections Worker who collapsed at work and they 4478 4479 feared had COVID at the time they were reviewing 4480 petitions. 4481 So I was certainly aware that there was 4482 priority testing ability and that they were at various 4483 points in time, either very limited or as we got further on in the pandemic, much less, you know, limited because 4484 we had broader testing capacity. 4485 4486 But as far as, you know, the level and extent to which tests were being done, I had no visibility into 4487 4488 the entirety of that. 4489 Q. The article that was minority introduced, and I 4490 don't have it in front of me, but it refers --4491 A.Mm-hmm. 4492 Q.-- it says this preferential program was extended 4493 to the Governor's brother. Did you have any knowledge 4494 of that? 4495 A.Um, no, not until -- I believe that I became 4496 aware that he had COVID when the Governor announced it 4497 in the press conference.

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EXAMINATION BY

MR. BENZINE:

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4500	Q.At the time you weren't aware that Dr. Adams
4501	drove out to Chris Cuomo's house to give him a test?
4502	A.I was not.
4503	Q.Okay.
4504	MR. EMMER: All right. Thank you. We can
4505	go off the record.
4506	(Whereupon, at 3:55 P.M., the Interview of
4507	this witness was concluded.)

4508	CERTIFICATE
4509	
4510	
4511	STATE OF NEW YORK )
4512	: SS.:
4513	COUNTY OF SUFFOLK )
4514	
4515	I, EILEEN MONTEAGUDO, a Notary Public for and within the
4516	State of New York, do hereby certify:
4517	That within the transcript is a true record of the
4518	proceedings taken on March 22, 2024.
4519	I further certify that I am not related to any of the
4520	parties to this action by blood or by marriage and that I
4521	am in no way interested in the outcome of this matter.
4522	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 30th
4523	day of May 2024.
4524	
4525	
4526	
4527	
4528	EILEEN MONTEAGUDO

EILEEN MONTEAGUDO